Consolidated Financial Statements for the Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 and Independent Auditors' Report

DECLARATION OF CONSOLIDATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF AFFILIATES

The companies required to be included in the consolidated financial statements of affiliates in accordance with the "Criteria Governing Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises" for the year ended December 31, 2020 are all the same as the companies required to be included in the consolidated financial statements of parent and subsidiary companies as provided in International Financial Reporting Standard 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements". Relevant information that should be disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of affiliates has all been disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of parent and subsidiary companies. Hence, we did not prepare a separate set of consolidated financial statements of affiliates.

Very truly yours,

Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd.

CHENG- HSIEN WU Chairman

March 25, 2021

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and Shareholders Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the notes to the consolidated financial statements (including a summary of significant accounting policies).

In our opinion and based on our and other independent auditors' reports (see Other Matter paragraph), the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC) of the Republic of China (ROC).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020 in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019 in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants, Rule No. 1090360805 issued by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China on February 25, 2020, and auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. Based on our and other independent auditors' reports, we believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matter of the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020 is detailed as follows:

Authenticity of Revenue Recognition

As stated in Notes 4 (n) and 25 the Group's main source of revenue is revenue from the sale of adhesives, paint, and building material. The sales amount of some customers changed significantly in 2020. The auditor considered the materiality of this to the consolidated financial statements as well as the regulations in the auditing standards regarding the presumed significant risk in revenue recognition, and thus deemed the authenticity of revenue recognition of the aforementioned products as a key audit matter.

- 1. We understood the design of the internal controls related to revenue recognition and tested on a sample basis its operating effectiveness.
- 2. We selected appropriate samples from the sales receipts of the customers mentioned above, and inspected the sales orders signed by external parties based on the revenue recognition terms, commercial invoices and customs declaration certificates to check whether the sales actually occurred, and also confirmed whether the transaction counterparty to the sale was the same as the counterparty receiving payment.

Other Matters

Among the subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements of the Group, the financial statements of some of the subsidiaries were not audited by us, but were audited by other auditors. Thus, our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts and related information included for these subsidiaries, is based solely on the report of other auditors. The total assets of these subsidiaries amounted to NT\$2,942,030 thousand and NT\$2,722,534 thousand as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, both accounting for 15% of total consolidated assets. Net operating income was NT\$2,285,742 thousand and NT\$2,210,744 thousand, respectively, accounting for 15% and 13% of the consolidated net operating income, respectively.

We have also audited the parent company only financial statements of Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd. as of and for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 on which we have issued an unmodified opinion with other matter paragraph.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and IFRS, IAS, IFRIC, and SIC endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the ROC, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision, and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matter that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Hung-Ju Liao and Chi-Chen Lee.

Deloitte & Touche Taipei, Taiwan Republic of China March 25, 2021

Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

ASSETS	December 31,	December 31, 2019 Amount %		
ASSETS	Amount	%	Amount	70
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 4 and 6)	\$ 3,321,237	17	\$ 3,742,604	20
Financial assets at amortized cost - current (Notes 4, 8, 9, and 34) Notes receivable (Notes 4 and 10)	1,293,135 291,955	7 2	749,615 280,023	4 2
Accounts receivable (Notes 4 and 10)	3,334,765	17	3,158,395	17
Accounts receivable - related parties (Notes 4, 10 and 33)	288,565	1	371,342	2
Other receivables (Notes 4 and 10)	150,688	1	189,685	1
Current tax assets (Note 27)	2,016	-	3,705	-
Inventories (Notes 4 and 11)	2,177,074	11	2,241,307	12
Other current assets (Note 19)	385,718	2	373,296	2
Total current assets	11,245,153	58	11,109,972	<u>60</u>
NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income -				
non-current (Notes 4 and 7)	1,109,267	6	976,745	5
Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current (Notes 4, 8, 9 and 34)	125,173	1	71,785	-
Investments accounted for using the equity method (Notes 4 and 13)	367,753	2	322,657	2
Property, plant and equipment (Notes 4, 14 and 34) Right-of-use assets (Notes 4, 15 and 34)	4,515,380 1,141,517	23 6	4,096,892 1,160,508	22 6
Investment properties (Notes 4 and 16)	17,760	-	17,760	-
Goodwill (Notes 4, 17 and 29)	117,930	1	113,483	1
Other intangible assets (Notes 4 and 18)	73,379	-	80,354	1
Deferred tax assets (Notes 4 and 27)	328,662	2	288,146	2
Other non-current assets (Note 19)	304,468	1	159,949	1
Total non-current assets	8,101,289	<u>42</u>	7,288,279	<u>40</u>
TOTAL	\$ 19,346,442	_100	\$ 18,398,251	100
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Short-term borrowings (Notes 20 and 34)	\$ 1,346,630	7	\$ 1,371,276	8
Contract liabilities - current (Notes 4 and 25)	30,581	-	18,874	-
Notes payable (Note 21)	14,330	-	12,788	-
Accounts payable (Notes 21 and 33)	2,287,370	12	1,936,397	11
Lease liabilities - current (Notes 4 and 15) Other payables (Note 33)	79,930 809,180	4	52,029 812,503	4
Current tax liabilities (Note 27)	251,408	1	182,583	1
Current portion of long-term borrowings (Notes 20 and 34)	55,974	-	353,765	2
Other current liabilities (Notes 22, 25 and 33)	206,627	1	167,877	1
Total current liabilities	5,082,030	26	4,908,092	27
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 15)	476,953	2	447,552	3
Long - term borrowings (Notes 20 and 34)	1,669,191	9	1,524,150	8
Deferred tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 27) Net defined benefit liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 23)	773,682 95,701	4	790,157 115,019	4
Other non-current liabilities (Note 22)	52,601	1	56,734	1
Total non-current liabilities	3,068,128	16	2,933,612	16
Total liabilities				· ·
	8,150,158	42	7,841,704	<u>43</u>
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY (Note 24) Share capital - ordinary shares	1,205,707	_	1,205,707	7
Capital surplus	2,101,673	<u>6</u> 11	2,103,848	11
Retained earnings	2,101,073		2,103,646	11
Legal reserve	1,178,822	6	1,056,002	6
Special reserve	313,321	2	313,321	1
Unappropriated earnings	5,115,900	<u>26</u>	4,740,757	<u>26</u>
Total retained earnings	6,608,043	<u>34</u>	6,110,080	<u>33</u>
Other equity	351,178	2	321,105	2
Total equity attributable to owners of the Company	10,266,601	53	9,740,740	53
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS	929,683	5	815,807	4
Total equity	11,196,284	58	10,556,547	57
TOTAL	<u>\$ 19,346,442</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 18,398,251</u>	<u>100</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche auditors' report dated March 25, 2021)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2020		2019	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
OPERATING REVENUE (Notes 4, 25 and 33)	\$ 15,551,344	100	\$ 17,113,546	100
OPERATING COSTS (Notes 11, 23, 26 and 33)	11,181,051	<u>72</u>	12,396,017	<u>72</u>
GROSS PROFIT	4,370,293	28	4,717,529	28
OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 10, 23 and 26) Selling and marketing expenses General and administrative expenses Research and development expenses	1,533,729 826,113 500,030	10 6 3	1,703,986 866,071 446,001	10 5 3
Estimated credit loss	8,721		19,442	
Total operating expenses	2,868,593	<u>19</u>	3,035,500	18
PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS	1,501,700	9	1,682,029	<u>10</u>
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES (Notes 13 and 26) Interest income	48,683	_	34,382	_
Other income	157,392	1	133,240	1
Other gains and losses	(90,898)	-	(21,222)	-
Finance costs	(58,881)	-	(69,224)	-
Share of profit (loss) of associates	48,096		33,477	
Total non-operating income and expenses	104,392	1	110,653	1
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX	1,606,092	10	1,792,682	11
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 4 and 27)	338,970	2	477,458	3
NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	1,267,122	8	1,315,224	8
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (Notes 23, 24 and 27) Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:				
Remensurement of defined benefit plans Unrealized gain (loss) on investments in equity instruments at fair value through other	1,669	-	4,944	-
comprehensive income Income tax relating to items that will not be	127,882	1	(315,887)	(2)
reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	(333)		(950) (Cor	_ _ ntinued)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2020		2019			
	Amount	%	Amount	%		
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:	129,218	1	(311,893)	<u>(2</u>)		
Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations Income tax relating to items may be reclassified	(129,736)	(1)	(211,444)	(1)		
subsequently to profit or loss	24,452 (105,284)	<u></u>	41,115 (170,329)	<u></u>		
Other comprehensive loss for the year, net of income tax	23,934	_	(482,222)	<u>(3</u>)		
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	<u>\$ 1,291,056</u>	8	<u>\$ 833,002</u>	5		
NET PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	\$ 1,219,753 47,369	8 	\$ 1,228,200 <u>87,024</u>	7 1		
	\$ 1,267,122	8	<u>\$ 1,315,224</u>	8		
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO:						
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	\$ 1,251,461 <u>39,595</u>		\$ 750,385 <u>82,617</u>	4 1		
	\$ 1,291,056	8	\$ 833,002	5		
EARNINGS PER SHARE (Note 28)						
Basic Diluted	\$ 10.12 \$ 10.09		\$ 10.19 \$ 10.16			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche auditors' report dated March 25, 2021)

(Concluded)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share and Share Issuance Price)

				Equity Attri	butable to Owners of	the Company					
				Retained Earnings		Exchange Differences on	Other Equity Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Financial				
	Share Capital	Capital Surplus	Legal Reserve	Special Reserve	Unappropriated Earnings	Translating the Financial Statements of Foreign Operations	Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	Total Other Equity	Total	Non-controlling Interests	Total Equity
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2019	\$ 1,205,707	\$ 2,108,235	\$ 988,725	\$ 313,321	\$ 4,180,152	\$ (225,544)	\$ 1,027,000	\$ 801,456	\$ 9,597,596	\$ 727,447	\$ 10,325,043
Appropriation of the 2018 earnings (Note 24) Legal reserve Cash dividends distributed by the Company - \$5 per share	- -	- -	67,277	- -	(67,277) (602,854)	- -	- -	- -	(602,854)	-	(602,854)
Net profit for the year ended December 31, 2019	-	-	-	-	1,228,200	-	-	-	1,228,200	87,024	1,315,224
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2019, net of income tax	_	_	_		2,536	(164,464)	(315,887)	(480,351)	(477,815)	(4,407)	(482,222)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2019					1,230,736	(164,464)	(315,887)	(480,351)	750,385	82,617	833,002
Changes in percentage of ownership interests in subsidiaries (Note 30)		(4,387)							(4,387)	4,387	_
Increase in non-controlling interests		_			_	_				1,356	1,356
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2019	1,205,707	2,103,848	1,056,002	313,321	4,740,757	(390,008)	711,113	321,105	9,740,740	815,807	10,556,547
Appropriation of the 2019 earnings (Note 24) Legal reserve Cash dividends distributed by the Company - \$6 per share	-	- -	122,820		(122,820) (723,425)	- -	-		(723,425)		(723,425)
Net profit for the year ended December 31, 2020	-	-	-	-	1,219,753	-	-	-	1,219,753	47,369	1,267,122
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2020, net of income tax	_	_	_	_	1,635	(97,809)	127,882	30,073	31,708	(7,774)	23,934
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2020	_	_			1,221,388	(97,809)	127,882	30,073	1,251,461	39,595	1,291,056
Changes in percentage of ownership interests in subsidiaries (Note 30)	-	(2,175)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,175)	2,175	-
Increase in non-controlling interests					-	_				72,106	72,106
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2020	<u>\$ 1,205,707</u>	<u>\$ 2,101,673</u>	<u>\$ 1,178,822</u>	<u>\$ 313,321</u>	\$ 5,115,900	<u>\$ (487,817)</u>	<u>\$ 838,995</u>	<u>\$ 351,178</u>	<u>\$ 10,266,601</u>	<u>\$ 929,683</u>	<u>\$ 11,196,284</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche audit report dated March 25, 2021)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2020	2019
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Income before income tax	\$ 1,606,092	\$ 1,792,682
Adjustments for:	, ,	, ,
Depreciation expenses	405,446	371,136
Amortization expenses	19,149	15,491
Estimated credit loss recognized on trade receivables	8,721	19,442
Finance costs	58,881	69,224
Interest income	(48,683)	(34,382)
Dividend income	(46,587)	(55,462)
Share of profit of associates	(48,096)	(33,477)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	1,893	380
Loss (Gain) on disposal of investments	7,438	(12,446)
Write-downs of inventories	15,233	12,936
Loss on lease modification	319	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	(11.022)	12 202
Notes receivable	(11,932)	13,382
Accounts receivable	(214,406)	(143,647)
Accounts receivable - related parties	64,806	(12,716)
Other receivables Inventories	40,457	17,062
Other current assets	11,304	120,805 79,535
Other non-current assets	(12,422) (19,253)	19,333 644
Contract liabilities	11,707	(22,625)
Notes payable	1,739	(16,787)
Accounts payable	376,210	53,505
Other payables	(11,492)	56,626
Other current liabilities	38,865	(18,115)
Net defined benefit liabilities	(18,070)	(30,048)
Other non-current liabilities	(4,170)	24,729
Cash generated from operations	 2,233,149	 2,267,874
Interest received	46,469	28,949
Interest paid	(61,568)	(67,834)
Income tax paid	 (300,907)	 (365,000)
Net cash generated from operating activities	 1,917,143	 1,863,989
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of financial assets at amortized cost	(1,101,527)	(829,420)
Purchase of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive	· , , , ,	, , ,
income	(5,330)	(82,367)
Proceeds from sale of financial assets at amortized cost	484,656	219,270
Proceeds from capital reduction of investments accounted for under		
financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	315	315
Net cash outflow on acquisition of businesses	-	(48,195)
Payments for property, plant and equipment	(873,089)	(609,602)
		(Continued)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2020	2019
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	4,375	33,703
Increase in refundable deposits	(2,577)	(24,942)
Decrease in refundable deposits	2,588	49,110
Payments for intangible assets	(3,269)	(26,653)
Payments for right-of-use assets	-	(80,978)
Dividends received	49,962	58,462
Proceeds from disposal of right - of - use assets		5,843
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,443,896)	(1,335,454)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	6,586,369	4,561,349
Repayments of short-term borrowings	(6,609,640)	(4,465,366)
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	3,199,161	2,963,409
Repayments of long-term borrowings	(3,353,977)	(2,740,543)
Proceeds from guarantee deposits received	3,315	2,901
Refund of guarantee deposits received	(3,155)	(1,041)
Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities	(57,223)	(46,233)
Cash dividends paid	(751,745)	(619,816)
Changes in non-controlling equity	100,426	18,318
Net cash used in financing activities	(886,469)	(327,022)
EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON THE BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS HELD IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES	(8,145)	(138,257)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(421,367)	63,256
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	3,742,604	3,679,348
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	\$ 3,321,237	\$ 3,742,604
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial st (With Deloitte & Touche auditors' report dated March 25, 2021)	atements.	(Concluded)

Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd. (the "Company") was founded in October 1963, and is mainly engaged in the manufacturing, wholesale, and retail sale of synthetic resins, synthetic plastics, adhesives, resin coatings, dyes, and pigments.

The Company obtained approval for the public issuance of its shares in May 2017, and obtained approval for the trading of its shares on the emerging stock board (ESB) of the Taipei Exchange (TPEx) in July of the same year. Since November 2018, the Company's shares started trading on the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in the Company's functional currency, the New Taiwan dollar.

2. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Company's board of directors on March 25, 2021.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW, AMENDED AND REVISED STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

a. Initial application of the amendments to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), Interpretations of IFRS (IFRIC), and Interpretations of IAS (SIC) (collectively, the "IFRSs") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC)

The initial application of the amendments to the IFRSs endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC would not have any material impact on the Group's accounting policies.

b. The IFRSs endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC) for application starting from 2021

New IFRSs

Effective Date Announced by IASB

Amendments to IFRS 4 "Extension of the Temporary Exemption from Effective immediately upon Applying IFRS 9" promulgation by the IASB Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16 January 1, 2021

"Interest Rate Benchmark Reform - Phase 2"

Amendment to IFRS 16 "Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions"

June 1, 2020

Except for the above impact, as of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Group is continuously assessing the possible impact that the application of other standards and interpretations will have on the Group's financial position and financial performance and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is completed.

c. New IFRSs in issue but not yet endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

Contract"

New IFRSs Announced by IASB (Note) "Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018-2020" January 1, 2022 (Note 2) Amendments to IFRS 3 "Reference to the Conceptual Framework" January 1, 2022 (Note 3) Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets To be determined by IASB between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture" IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts" January 1, 2023 Amendments to IFRS 17 January 1, 2023 Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or January 1, 2023 Non-current" Amendments to IAS 1 "Disclosure of Accounting Policies" January 1, 2023 (Note 6) Amendments to IAS 8 "Definition of Accounting Estimates" January 1, 2023 (Note 7) Amendments to IAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment - Proceeds January 1, 2022 (Note 4) before Intended Use"

Effective Date

Note 1: Unless stated otherwise, the above New IFRSs are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates.

Amendments to IAS 37 "Onerous Contracts - Cost of Fulfilling a January 1, 2022 (Note 5)

- Note 2: The amendments to IFRS 9 will be applied prospectively to modifications and exchanges of financial liabilities that occur on or after the annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022. The amendments to IAS 41 "Agriculture" will be applied prospectively to the fair value measurements on or after the annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022. The amendments to IFRS 1 "First-time Adoptions of IFRSs" will be applied retrospectively for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022.
- Note 3: The amendments are applicable to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period beginning on or after January 1, 2022.
- Note 4: The amendments are applicable to property, plant and equipment that are brought to the location and condition necessary for them to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management on or after January 1, 2021.
- Note 5: The amendments are applicable to contracts for which the entity has not yet fulfilled all its obligations on January 1, 2022.
- Note 6: The amendments will be applied prospectively for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023.
- Note 7: The amendments are applicable to changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies that occur on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period beginning on or after January 1, 2023.
- 1) Amendments to IAS 1 "Disclosure of Accounting Policies"

The amendments specify that the Group should refer to the definition of material to determine its material accounting policy information to be disclosed. Accounting policy information is material if it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements. The amendments also clarify that:

a) accounting policy information that relates to immaterial transactions, other events or conditions

is immaterial and need not be disclosed;

- b) the Group may consider the accounting policy information as material because of the nature of the related transactions, other events or conditions, even if the amounts are immaterial; and
- c) not all accounting policy information relating to material transactions, other events or conditions is itself material.

The amendments also illustrate that accounting policy information is likely to be considered as material to the financial statements if that information relates to material transactions, other events or conditions and:

- a) the Group changed its accounting policy during the reporting period and this change resulted in a material change to the information in the financial statements;
- b) the Group chose the accounting policy from options permitted by the standards;
- c) the accounting policy was developed in accordance with IAS 8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors" in the absence of an IFRS that specifically applies;
- d) the accounting policy relates to an area for which the Group is required to make significant judgements or assumptions in applying an accounting policy, and the Group discloses those judgements or assumptions; or
- e) the accounting is complex and users of the financial statements would otherwise not understand those material transactions, other events or conditions.

2) Amendments to IAS 8 "Definition of Accounting Estimates"

The amendments define that accounting estimates are monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty. In applying accounting policies, the Group may be required to measure items at monetary amounts that cannot be observed directly and must instead be estimated. In such a case, the Group uses measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates to achieve the objective. The effects on an accounting estimate of a change in a measurement technique or a change in an input are changes in accounting estimates unless they result from the correction of prior period errors.

Except for the above impact, as of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Group is continuously assessing the possible impact that the application of other standards and interpretations will have on the Group's financial position and financial performance and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is completed.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IFRSs as endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC.

b. Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments which are measured at fair value and net defined benefit liabilities which are measured at the present value of the defined benefit obligation less the fair value of plan assets.

The fair value measurements are grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value measurement inputs are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- 1) Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- 2) Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liabilities, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- 3) Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the assets or liabilities.
- c. Classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities

Current assets include:

- 1) Assets held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- 2) Assets expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting period; and
- 3) Cash and cash equivalents unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Current liabilities include:

- 1) Liabilities held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- 2) Liabilities due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period, even if an agreement to refinance, or to reschedule payments, on a long-term basis is completed after the reporting period and before the consolidated financial statements are authorized for issue; and
- 3) Liabilities for which the Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Assets and liabilities that are not classified as current are classified as non-current.

d. Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Group and the entities controlled by the Group (i.e. its subsidiaries).

Income and expenses of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the period are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the effective dates of acquisitions up to the effective dates of disposals, as appropriate.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full upon consolidation. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Group and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the interests of the Group and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are

adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the Company.

See Note 12 and Tables 6 and 7 for the detailed information of subsidiaries (including the percentage of ownership and main businesses).

e. Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (i.e. foreign currencies) are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Exchange differences on monetary items are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Non-monetary items measured at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items are included in profit or loss for the period except for exchange differences arising from the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognized directly in other comprehensive income, in which case, the exchange differences are also recognized directly in other comprehensive income.

Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

For the purpose of presenting consolidated financial statements, the functional currencies of its foreign operations (including subsidiaries, associates, joint ventures and branches in other countries that use currencies which are different from the currency of the Company) are translated into the presentation currency, the New Taiwan dollar, as follows: Assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period; and income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period. The resulting currency translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income attributed to the owners of the Company and non-controlling interests as appropriate.

f. Inventories

Inventories consist of raw materials, supplies, goods, work in progress, finished goods, semi-finished goods and inventory in transit are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Inventory write-downs are made by item, except where it may be appropriate to group similar or related items. The net realizable value is the estimated selling price of inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale. Inventories are recorded at the weighted-average cost on the balance sheet date.

g. Investments in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and which is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. The Group uses the equity method to account for its investments in associates.

Under the equity method, investments in an associate are initially recognized at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate. The Group also recognizes the changes in the Group's share of the equity of associates.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of an associate at the date of acquisition is recognized as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment and is not amortized. Any excess of the Group's

share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

The entire carrying amount of an investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognized is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill that forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognized to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

The Group discontinues the use of the equity method from the date on which its investment ceases to be an associate. Any retained investment is measured at fair value at that date, and the fair value is regarded as the investment's fair value on initial recognition as a financial asset. The difference between the previous carrying amount of the associate attributable to the retained interest and its fair value is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate. The Group accounts for all amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate on the same basis as would be required had that associate directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

When the Group transacts with its associate, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognized in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not related to the Group.

h. Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss.

Property, plant and equipment in the course of construction are carried at cost less any recognized impairment loss. Cost includes professional fees and borrowing costs eligible for capitalization. Such properties are depreciated and classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for their intended use.

Except for freehold land which is not depreciated, the depreciation of property, plant and equipment is recognized using the straight-line method. Each significant part is depreciated separately. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

On derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment, the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

i. Investment properties

Investment properties are land held for a currently undetermined future use.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss.

For a transfer of classification from property, plant and equipment to investment properties, the deemed cost of an item of property for subsequent accounting is its carrying amount at the end of owner-occupation.

On derecognition of an investment property, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is included in profit or loss.

j. Goodwill

Goodwill arising from the acquisition of a business is measured at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment loss.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units (referred to as "cash-generating units") that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired, by comparing its carrying amount, including the attributed goodwill, to its recoverable amount. However, if the goodwill allocated to a cash-generating unit was acquired in a business combination during the current annual period, that unit shall be tested for impairment before the end of the current annual period. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then pro rata to the other assets of the unit based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss is recognized directly in profit or loss. Any impairment loss recognized for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

k. Intangible assets

1) Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment loss. Amortization is recognized on a straight-line basis. The estimated useful lives, residual values, and amortization methods are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in the estimates accounted for on a prospective basis.

2) Intangible assets acquired in a business combination

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination and recognized separately from goodwill are initially recognized at their fair value at the acquisition date (which is regarded as their cost). Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured on the same basis as intangible assets that are acquired separately.

3) Derecognition of intangible assets

On derecognition of an intangible asset, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

1. Impairment of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use asset and intangible assets other than goodwill

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment, right-of-use asset and intangible assets, excluding goodwill, to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount, with the resulting impairment loss recognized in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent of the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized on the asset or cash-generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

m. Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

1) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis.

a) Measurement categories

Financial assets are classified into the following categories: financial assets at amortized cost and equity instruments at FVTOCI.

i. Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortized cost:

- i) The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- ii) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at amortized cost, including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, other receivables, and investments in debt instruments are measured at amortized cost, which equals the gross carrying amount determined using the effective interest method less any impairment loss. Exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of such a financial asset, except for:

- Purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, for which interest income is calculated by applying the credit adjusted effective interest rate to the amortized cost of such financial assets; and
- ii) Financial assets that are not credit impaired on purchase or origination but have subsequently become credit impaired, for which interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the amortized cost of such financial assets in subsequent reporting periods.

A financial asset is credit impaired when one or more of the following events have occurred:

- i) Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- ii) Breach of contract, such as a default;
- iii) It is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or undergo a financial reorganization; or
- iv) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

Cash equivalents include time deposits and banker's acceptances with original maturities within 3 months from the date of acquisition, which are highly liquid, readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. These cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

ii. Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI

On initial recognition, the Group may make an irrevocable election to designate investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI. Designation as at FVTOCI is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading or if it is contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in a business combination.

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in other equity. The cumulative gain or loss will not be reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the equity investments; instead, it will be transferred to retained earnings.

Dividends on these investments in equity instruments are recognized in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established, unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment.

b) Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets at amortized cost (including accounts receivable).

The Group always recognizes lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) for accounts receivable. For all other financial instruments, the Group recognizes lifetime ECLs when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If, on the other hand, the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs.

Expected credit losses reflect the weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. Lifetime ECLs represent the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECLs represent the portion of lifetime ECLs that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

For internal credit risk management purposes, the Group determines that the following situations indicate that a financial asset is in default (without taking into account any collateral held by the Group):

- i. Internal or external information show that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors.
- ii. When a financial asset is more than 365 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and corroborative information to support a more lagged default criterion.

The impairment loss of all financial assets is recognized in profit or loss by a reduction in their carrying amounts through a loss allowance account.

c) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

2) Financial liabilities

a) Subsequent measurement

All financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

b) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in profit or loss.

n. Revenue recognition

The Group identifies contracts with customers, allocates the transaction price to the performance obligations and recognizes revenue when performance obligations are satisfied.

1) Revenue from the sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods comes from sales of adhesives, coatings, and building materials. Sales of adhesives, coatings, and building materials are recognized as revenue when reaching trade terms or after accepting because it is the time when the customer has full discretion over the manner of distribution and price to sell the goods, has the primary responsibility for sales to future customers and bears the risks of obsolescence. Trade receivables are recognized concurrently. Advance receipts are recognized as a contract liability until trade terms have been reached.

The Group does not recognize revenue on materials delivered to subcontractors because this delivery does not involve a transfer of control.

2) Revenue from the rendering of services

For services in procuring equipment on behalf of customers, the Group does not commit itself to obtain the goods from the suppliers before goods are purchased by the customer and thus does not take on any inventory risk. Consequently, the Group is an agent and its performance obligation is to procure goods on behalf of the customer. The Group recognizes revenue in the net amount of the consideration received or receivable when goods are transferred to the customer, and the Group has no further obligations to the customer.

o. Leases

At the inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease.

For a contract that contains a lease component and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price and accounts for each component separately.

1) The Group as lessor

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of a lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Lease payments (less any lease incentives payable) from operating leases are recognized as income on a straight-line basis over the terms of the relevant leases.

When a lease includes both land and building elements, the Group assesses the classification of each element separately as a finance or an operating lease based on the assessment as to whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of each element have been transferred to the lessee. The lease payments are allocated between the land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values of the leasehold interests in the land element and building element of the lease at the inception of a contract. If the allocation of the lease payments can be made reliably, each element is accounted for separately in accordance with its lease classification. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and building elements, the entire lease is generally classified as a finance lease unless it is clear that both elements are operating leases; in which case, the entire lease is classified as an operating lease.

2) The Group as lessee

The Group recognizes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases at the commencement date of a lease, except for short-term leases and low-value asset leases accounted for applying a recognition exemption where lease payments are recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Right-of-use assets are initially measured at cost, which comprises any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs needed to restore the underlying assets, and less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liabilities. Right-of-use assets are presented on a separate line in the consolidated balance sheets.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement dates to the earlier of the end of the useful lives of the right-of-use assets or the end of the lease terms. However, if leases transfer ownership of the underlying assets to the Group by the end of the lease terms or if the costs of right-of-use assets reflect that the Group will exercise a purchase option, the Group depreciates the right-of-use assets from the commencement dates to the end of the useful lives of the underlying assets.

Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the lease payments, which comprise fixed payments and variable lease payments which depend on an index or a rate. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in a lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses the lessee's incremental borrowing rate.

Subsequently, lease liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognized over the lease terms. When there is a change in a lease term and a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or a rate used to determine

those payments, the Group remeasures the lease liabilities with a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use-assets. However, if the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets is reduced to zero, any remaining amount of the remeasurement is recognized in profit or loss. For a lease modification that is not accounted for as a separate lease, the Group accounts for the remeasurement of the lease liability by (a) decreasing the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset of lease modifications that decreased the scope of the lease, and recognizing in profit or loss any gain or loss on the partial or full termination of the lease; (b) making a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use asset of all other lease modifications. Lease liabilities are presented on a separate line in the consolidated balance sheets.

Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognized as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

p. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are added to the cost of those assets, until such time that the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

Other than that stated above, all other borrowing costs are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

q. Government grants

Government grants are not recognized until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attached to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants related to income are recognized in other income on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognizes as expenses the related costs that the grants intend to compensate.

Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they are received.

The benefit of a government loan received at a below-market rate of interest is treated as a government grant measured as the difference between the proceeds received and the fair value of the loan based on prevailing market interest rates.

r. Employee benefits

1) Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities recognized in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the related services.

2) Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognized as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Defined benefit costs (including service cost, net interest and remeasurement) under defined benefit

retirement benefit plans are determined using the projected unit credit method. Service cost (including current service cost, past service cost, as well as gains and losses on settlements) and net interest on the net defined benefit liabilities (assets) are recognized as employee benefits expense in the period in which they occur or when the settlement occurs. Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses and the return on plan assets (excluding interest), is recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which it occurs. Remeasurement recognized in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and will not be reclassified to profit or loss.

Net defined benefit liabilities (assets) represent the actual deficit (surplus) in the Group's defined benefit plans. Any surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any refunds from the plans or reductions in future contributions to the plans.

s. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

1) Current tax

Income tax payable (recoverable) is based on taxable profit (loss) for the year determined according to the applicable tax laws of each tax jurisdiction.

According to the Income Tax Law in the ROC, an additional tax on unappropriated earnings is provided for in the year the shareholders approve to retain earnings.

Adjustments of prior years' tax liabilities are added to or deducted from the current year's tax provision.

2) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences and unused loss carryforwards to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the assets to be recovered. A previously unrecognized deferred tax asset is also reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liabilities are settled or the assets are realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow

from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

3) Current tax and deferred tax for the year

Current tax and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current tax and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, management is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The Group considers the economic implications of the COVID-19 when making its critical accounting estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised if the revisions affect only that period or in the period of the revisions and future periods if the revisions affect both current and future periods.

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	December 31				
		2020		2019	
Cash on hand Checking accounts and demand deposits Cash equivalents (investments with original maturities within 3	\$	6,895 3,129,202	\$	11,063 3,382,128	
months) Time deposits		185,140		349,413	
	\$	3,321,237	\$	3,742,604	

The market rate intervals of time deposits at the end of the year were as follows:

Decem	ber 31	
2020	2019	
0.56% - 8.85%	0.66% - 6.3%	

7. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME - NON-CURRENT

	D	ecember 31
	2020	2019
Domestic investments		
Unlisted stocks	<u>\$ 1,109,5</u>	<u>\$ 976,745</u>

These investments in equity instruments are held for medium to long-term strategic purposes. Accordingly, the management elected to designate these investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI as they believe that recognizing short-term fluctuations in these investments' fair value in profit or loss would not be consistent with the Group's strategy of holding these investments for long-term purposes.

The equity instruments measured at FVTOCI held by the Group are not pledged as security.

8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTIZED COST

	December 31			
		2020		2019
Current				
Time deposits with original maturities of more than 3 months (a) Pledged time deposits (a) Restricted demand deposits (b) Refundable deposits	\$	752,910 4,061 534,894 1,270	\$	345,729 19,987 382,835 1,064
	\$	1,293,135	\$	749,615
Non-current				
Time deposits with original maturities of more than 3 months (a) Pledged time deposits (a) Refundable deposits	\$	96,174 5,726 23,273	\$	43,051 5,154 23,580
	\$	125,173	\$	71,785

- a. The ranges of interest rates for time deposits were approximately 0.2% 7.3% and 0.66% -2.8% per annum as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.
- b. Restricted demand deposits as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 are funds that the Group put into the dedicated bank account in accordance with "the Management, Utilization, and Taxation of Repatriated Offshore Funds Act".
- c. Refer to Note 9 for information relating to the credit risk management and impairment of investments in financial assets at amortized cost.
- d. Refer to Note 34 for information relating to investments in financial assets at amortized cost pledged as security.

9. CREDIT RISK MANAGEMENT OF INVESTMENTS IN DEBT INSTRUMENTS

	December 31				
	2020		2019		
Financial assets at amortized cost - current Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	\$ 1,293,135 125,173	\$	749,615 71,785		
	\$ 1,418,308	\$	821,400		

The Group invests only in debt instruments that have low credit risk for the purpose of impairment assessment. In determining the expected credit losses for debt instrument investments, the Group considers the historical default loss rates, the current financial condition of debtors, and the future prospects of the industries. Because counterparties have a low risk of default and a strong capacity to meet contractual cash flows, the Group did not make any provision for expected credit losses with respect to financial assets at amortized cost as of December 31, 2020 and 2019.

10. NOTES RECEIVABLE, ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLES (INCLUDING RELATED PARTIES), AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	December 31			
	2020	2019		
Notes receivable				
At amortized cost Notes receivable - operating	<u>\$ 291,955</u>	\$ 280,023		
Accounts receivable (including related parties)				
Amortized cost Gross carrying amount Less: Allowance for impairment loss	\$ 3,671,006 47,676	\$ 3,578,332 48,595		
	\$ 3,623,330	\$ 3,529,737		
Other receivables				
Gross carrying amount	<u>\$ 150,688</u>	\$ 189,685		

Accounts receivable at amortized cost

The average credit period of sales of goods was 30 days to 180 days, and no interest was charged on accounts receivable. In order to minimize credit risk, the management of the Company has delegated a team responsible for determining credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at the end of the year to ensure that adequate allowance is made for possible irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the management believes the Group's credit risk was significantly reduced.

The Group measures the loss allowance for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. The expected credit losses estimated by reference to the past default experience of the debtor and an analysis of the debtor's current financial position, adjusted for general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtors operate and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecasted direction of economic conditions at the reporting date. As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not show significantly

different loss patterns for different customer segments, loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished according to the Group's different customer base.

The Group writes off a trade receivable when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g. when the debtor has been placed under liquidation. For trade receivables that have been written off, the Group continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivables due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognized in profit or loss.

Notes receivable

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the notes receivable analyzed by the Group based on the past due days were not overdue, and the Group did not measure any loss allowance for notes receivable.

Accounts receivable (including related parties)

The following table details the loss allowance of accounts receivable based on the Group's provision matrix.

December 31, 2020

	Not Past Due	1 to 90 Days	91 to 180 Days	181 to 270 Days	271 to 365 Days	Over 365 Days	Total
Expected credit loss rate Gross carrying amount Loss allowance (Lifetime ECLs)	0.01% ~0.88% \$ 3,086,702 (2,016)	0.2%~13% \$ 512,990 (6,082)	3%~47% \$ 29,143 (2,325)	8%~67% \$ 7,419 (3,778)	37%~100% \$ 5,589 (4,312)	100% \$ 29,163 (29,163)	\$ 3,671,006 (47,676)
Amortized cost	\$ 3,084,686	\$ 506,908	\$ 26,818	\$ 3,641	\$ 1,277	<u>\$</u>	\$ 3,623,330
<u>December 31, 2019</u>							
	Not Past Due	1 to 90 Days	91 to 180 Days	181 to 270 Days	271 to 365 Days	Over 365 Days	Total
Expected credit loss rate Gross carrying amount Loss allowance (Lifetime ECLs)	0.01% ~ 0.1% \$ 2,901,084 (1,008)	0.2% ~ 5% \$ 593,336 (3,846)	3%~31% \$ 27,067 (2,243)	8%~67% \$ 21,004 (8,298)	37%~97% \$ 8,389 (5,767)	100% \$ 27,452 (27,433)	\$ 3,578,332 (48,595)
Amortized cost	\$ 2,900,076	\$ 589,490	\$ 24,824	\$ 12,706	\$ 2,622	<u>\$ 19</u>	\$ 3,529,737

The movements of the loss allowance of accounts receivable were as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31			
		2020		2019
Balance at January 1	\$	48,595	\$	46,716
Add: Net remeasurement of loss allowance		8,721		19,442
Less: Amounts written off		(7,995)		(16,742)
Foreign exchange gains and losses		(1,645)		(821)
Balance at December 31	<u>\$</u>	47,676	\$	48,595

11. INVENTORIES

		December 31			
		2020		2019	
Goods Finished goods and semi-finished goods Work in process	\$	89,042 808,692 109,861	\$	154,768 845,553 86,811	
Raw materials and supplies Inventory in transit		890,513 278,966		935,688 218,487	
	<u>\$</u>	2,177,074	<u>\$</u>	2,241,307	

The cost of inventories recognized as cost of goods sold for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 was \$11,179,158 thousand and \$12,395,637 thousand, respectively. The cost of goods sold included inventory write-downs of \$15,233 thousand and \$12,936 thousand, respectively for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

12. SUBSIDIARIES

Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements were as follows:

			% of Ov	wnership	
		-	Decen	iber 31	<u> </u>
Investor	Investee	Main Business	2020	2019	Remark
Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co.	Nan Pao Chemical Co. Ltd.	Trading of chemical substances	100	100	
	Nan Pao Application Material Co., Ltd.	Trading of chemical substances	100	100	
	Nan Pao Electronic Material Co.	Production and Trading of Electronic Materials	100	100	
	ITLS International Development Co., Ltd.	Trading of construction materials and chemical substances	100	100	
	Prince Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing, packaging, and processing of raw materials for various pharmaceutical and health food	50.51	52.3	a)
	Phymed Bio-Tec Co., Ltd.	R&D and Trading of Health Food	100	100	
	Biorich Biotechnology Co., Ltd.	R&D, Production, Trading of New High Protein Business and Health Food	57.1	57.1	
	Nan Pao Advanced Materials Co., Ltd.	Trading of Adhesives and Chemicals	70	70	
	Nan Pao Fine Materials Co., Ltd.	Production and trading of adhesives and chemicals	55	-	e)
	Fuqing Nan Pao Investment Ltd.	General Investment	100	100	
	Thai Nan Pao Investments Ltd.	General Investment	100	100	
	Nan Pao Resins India Pvt. Ltd.	Trading of Adhesives	100	100	
	Nan Pao Materials Vietnam Co., Ltd.	Production and Trading of Adhesives and Chemicals	100	100	
	Nan Pao Advanced Materials Vietnam Co., Ltd.	Production and Trading of Adhesives and Chemicals	100	100	
	Nan Pao Overseas Holdings Ltd.	General Investment	100	100	
	Profit Land Ltd.	General Investment	73.75	73.75	b)
	All Saints Enterprises Ltd.	General Investment	54.53	54.53	b)
	Ongoing Profits Ltd.	General Investment	32.18	32.18	b)
				(Continued)

		-	% of Ownership December 31			
Investor	Investee	Main Business	2020	2019	Remark	
	PT. Indo Nan Pao Resins	Production and Trading of	49	49	c)	
	Chemical Co., Ltd. Progroup Technology Co.,	Adhesives Trading of Water-Based PU	91.99	91.99		
	Ltd Nan Pao Philippines	Resin Trading of adhesives	100	-	d)	
ITLS International	Export Inc. ITLS Holding Pte. Ltd.	General Investment	100	100		
Development Co. Ltd.	Aftek Materials Vietnam Co., Ltd.	Production and Trading of Construction Materials	70	70		
ITLS Holding Pte. Ltd.	ITLS (Malaysia) SDN BHD	Production and Trading of Construction Materials	-	100	g)	
	PT. ITLS Indonesia	Production and Trading of	100	100		
	ITLS Vietnam Co., Ltd.	Construction Materials Production and Trading of	100	100		
	ITLS-SB SDN BHD	Construction Materials Production and Trading of Hardware and Construction	-	100	h)	
Fuqing Nan Pao Investment	Wealth Castle	Materials General Investment	100	100		
Ltd. Wealth Castle Development	Development Ltd. Fuqing Nan Pao Resins	Production and Trading of	100	100		
Ltd. Thai Nan Pao Investments	Co., Ltd Thai Nanpao Resins	Adhesives Production and Trading of	100	100		
Ltd. Nan Pao Overseas Holdings	Chemical Co., Ltd. Nan Pao Group Holdings	Adhesives General Investment	100	100		
Ltd. Nan Pao Group Holdings Ltd.	Ltd. Greatwill Materials (HK) Ltd.	General Investment	67.68	67.68		
	Profit Land Ltd.	General Investment	26.25	26.25	b)	
	Nan Pao Resins (Holdings) Ltd.	General Investment	100	100	,	
	All Saints Enterprises Ltd.	General Investment	45.47	45.47	b)	
	NP Australia Pty. Ltd.	General Investment	100	100		
	Ongoing Profits Ltd. Treasure Wealth (HK) Ltd.	General Investment General Investment	67.82	67.82	b)	
	Goldford Investments Ltd.	General Investment	100 100	100 100		
	Nan Pao Resins Chemical Philippines, Inc.	Trading of Adhesives	100	100		
	Nan Pao Resins International Ltd.	Trading of chemicals substances and Related Products	100	100		
	Nanpao Advanced Investment Co., Ltd.	General Investment	100	100		
	Nan Pao Resins (HK) Limited	Production and trading of adhesives	100	100		
Greatwill Materials (HK) Ltd.		Production and Trading of Adhesives	88.03	99	i)	
Profit Land Ltd.	Giant Profit Development Ltd.	General Investment	100	100		
Giant Profit Development Ltd.	Nan Pao Resins (Foshan) Co., Ltd	Production and Trading of Adhesives	100	100		
Nan Pao Resins (Foshan) Co., Ltd	Goaden Nan Pao Material Technology Co., Ltd.	Trading of footwear materials	51	51		
	Foshan Nan Pao Advanced Materials Co., Ltd.	Production and Trading of Adhesives	0.89	1	i)	
Nan Pao Resins (Holdings) Ltd.	Eastlion Enterprises Ltd.	General Investment	100	100		
	Nan Pao Resins Development Ltd.	General Investment	100	100		
Eastlion Enterprises Ltd.	Nan Pao Resins (Dongguan) Co., Ltd	Processing of Adhesives	100	100		
Nan Pao Resins Development Ltd.	Dongguan Jia Chin Electronics Co., Ltd.	Production and Trading of Coatings and Advanced Resins	100	100		
All Saints Enterprises Ltd.	Great Mount Enterprises Ltd.	General Investment	100	100		
				(~~	

(Continued)

			% of Ov	vnership	
		_	Decen	iber 31	_
Investor	Investee	Main Business	2020	2019	Remark
Great Mount Enterprises Ltd.	Nan Pao Resins (China) Co., Ltd	Production and Trading of Adhesives and Coatings	100	100	
NP Australia Pty. Ltd.	RLA Polymers Pty Ltd.	Production and Trading of Construction Materials and Chemicals	100	100	
RLA Polymers Pty. Ltd.	RLA Polymers (M) SDN BHD	Production and Trading of Construction Materials and Chemicals	100	100	
Ongoing Profits Ltd.	Rising Sun Associates Ltd.	General Investment	100	100	
Rising Sun Associates Ltd.	Nan Pao Resins (Vietnam) Enterprise Ltd.	Production and Trading of Adhesives and Coatings	100	100	
Goldford Investments Ltd.	PT. Indo Nan Pao Resins Chemical	Production and Trading of Adhesives	18.5	18.5	c)
Treasure Wealth (HK) Ltd.	Noroo-Nan Pao Paints & Coatings (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	Production and Trading of Coatings	50	50	
Nanpao Advanced Investment Co., Ltd.	Nan Pao (Kunshan) Electronic Commerce Co., Ltd.	Online Business Agency and General Merchandise Trading	100	100	
	Nantong Nan Pao Resins Materials Co., Ltd.	Production and Trading of Adhesives	100	100	
	Nan Pao Resins (Yunan) Co., Ltd	Production and Trading of Adhesives	100	100	
	Nan Pao New Materials (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Production and trading business of carbon fiber	100	-	f)
				(Concluded)

- (Concluded)
- a. In May 2020, Prince Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. exercised employee share options, resulting in a decrease in the shareholding ratio from 52.3% to 50.51%.
- b. Direct and indirect shareholdings totaled 100%.
- c. Direct and indirect shareholdings totaled 67.50%.
- d. The Group invested in and established Nan Pao Philippines Export Inc. in the Philippines in September 2019 with a 100% shareholding ratio, and then in January 2020 completed the establishment registration by investing capital.
- e. The Group established Nan Pao Fine Materials Co., Ltd. in September 2020 with 55% shareholding ratio.
- f. The Group established Nan Pao New Materials (Huaian) Co., Ltd. in China in March 2020, and shareholdings totaled 100%.
- g. ITLS (Malaysia) SDN BHD completed its liquidation procedures and cancelled registration in December 2020.
- h. ITLS-SB SDN BHD completed its liquidation procedures and cancelled registration in December 2020.
- i. In November 2020, the Group didn't subscribe to the issuance of ordinary Share for cash of Foshan Nan Pao Advance Materials Co., Ltd., resulting a decrease in the shareholding ratio from 68% to 60.47%.

13. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD

	December 31			
		2020		2019
Investments in associates				
Associates that are not individually material	<u>\$</u>	367,753	\$	322,657

Aggregate information of associates that are not individually material was as follows:

	For	For the Year Ended December 31			
		2020		2019	
The Group's share of: Net income and total comprehensive income for the year	\$	48,096	<u>\$</u>	33,477	

The share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of these investments in associates accounted for using the equity method were calculated based on the financial statements which have been audited.

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Leasehold improvements	4 - 20 years
Buildings	2 - 60 years
Machinery	2 - 30 years
Transportation equipment	2 - 20 years
Miscellaneous equipment	2 - 20 years

Refer to Table 11 for the detailed information of changes in property, plant and equipment.

No impairment assessment was performed for the year ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 as there were no indications of impairment.

Property, plant and equipment pledged as collateral for bank borrowings were set out in Note 34.

15. LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

a. Right-of-use assets

	December 31, 2020		December 31, 2019	
Carrying amounts				
Land (Note)	\$	783,189	\$	819,470
Buildings		318,995		302,489
Machinery		178		129
Transportation equipment		37,790		36,413
Miscellaneous equipment		1,365		2,007
	<u>\$</u>	1,141,517	\$	1,160,508

		the Year End 2020	led De	cember 31 2019
Additions to right-of-use assets	<u>\$</u>	80,995	\$	152,432
Depreciation charge for right-of-use assets				
Land (Note)	\$	20,783	\$	20,528
Buildings		44,886		36,689
Machinery		142		142
Transportation equipment		14,520		13,616
Miscellaneous equipment		1,884		1,040
	\$	82,215	\$	72,015

Note: Among the land use rights, the land use rights of the Vietnamese subsidiary have been pledged as collateral, please refer to Note 34 for the details.

b. Lease liabilities

	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
Carrying amounts		
Current Non-current	\$ 79,930 \$ 476,953	\$ 52,029 \$ 447,552
Range of discount rate for lease liabilities was as follows:		
	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
Land	1.56%	1.56%
Buildings	$0.81\% \sim 5.37\%$	1.05% ~ 5.37%
Machinery	$1.05\% \sim 2\%$	1.05% ~ 2%
Transportation equipment	1.3% ~ 5.37%	1.3% ~ 5.37%
Miscellaneous equipment	5.37% ~ 11.2%	5.37% ~ 11.2%

c. Material lease-in activities and terms (the Group is lessee)

The Group leases several land, buildings, and equipment for operating use under lease terms of 2 to 89 years. The Group does not have bargain purchase options to acquire the leasehold land and buildings at the end of the lease terms. In addition, the Group is prohibited from subleasing or transferring all or any portion of the underlying assets without the lessor's consent.

d. Other lease information

	For the Year Ended December 31					
	2020	2019				
Expenses relating to short-term leases Expenses relating to low-value asset leases Total cash outflow for leases	\$ 37,07 \$ 1,04 \$ 95,44	\$\frac{1,007}{2}				

The Group leases buildings and transportation equipment under leases which qualify as short-term leases and low-value asset leases. The Group has elected to apply the recognition exemption and thus, did not recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for these leases.

16. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

		Land		
Balance at December 31, 2020 and 2019	<u>\$</u>	17,760		

Investment properties measured at fair value were both \$78,764 thousand. For-investment properties not valued by any independent valuer, the Group's management determined their fair values with reference to the closing prices of similar properties in the vicinity of the Group's investment properties.

These investment properties were not pledged as collateral or restricted in any way.

17. Goodwill

	For the Year Ended December 31				
		2020	2019		
Cost					
Balance at January 1 Business combinations that occurred during the year (Note 29) Acquisitions during the year	\$	116,514	\$	89,871 29,488	
Effect of foreign currency exchange differences, net		4,295		(2,845)	
Balance at December 31	<u>\$</u>	120,809	<u>\$</u>	116,514	
Accumulated Impairment Losses					
Balance at January 1 Effect of foreign currency exchange differences, net	\$	3,031 (152)	\$	3,105 (74)	
Balance at December 31	\$	2,879	<u>\$</u>	3,031	
Carrying amounts at December 31, net	<u>\$</u>	117,930	\$	113,483	

The Group carried out impairment testing on the recoverable amount of goodwill at the end of the year, using the value-in-use as the basis for calculation of the recoverable amount. The value-in-use was estimated based on the Group's financial projections of cash flow for the future years, to reflect the specific risk of related cash generating units.

18. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

		Client tionships		omputer oftware	(Others		Total
Cost								
Balance at January 1, 2019 Additions	\$	60,446	\$	37,921 9,841	\$	4,206 22,325	\$	102,573 32,166
Additions Acquisitions through business combinations		11,781		9,041 -		9,243		21,024
Reclassifications Effect of foreign currency exchange differences, net		(2,071)		(134)		(317)		(2,522)
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$	70,156	\$	47,628	\$	35,457	\$	153,241
Accumulated amortization and impairment								
Balance at January 1, 2019 Amortization expenses Disposals	\$	30,699 6,675	\$	24,093 6,359	\$	3,907 2,457	\$	58,699 15,491
Reclassifications Effect of foreign currency exchange differences		(1,089)		(109)		(105)		(1,303)
Balance at December 31, 2019	<u>\$</u>	36,285	\$	30,343	\$	6,259	\$	72,887
Carrying amount at December 31, 2019, net	\$	33,871	\$	17,285	\$	29,198	\$	80,354
Cost								
Balance at January 1, 2020 Additions Disposals	\$	70,156	\$	47,628 2,014 (254)	\$	35,457 1,255	\$	153,241 3,269 (254)
Reclassifications Effect of foreign currency exchange differences, net		3,157		4,067 (8)		441		4,067 3,590
Balance at December 31, 2020	<u>\$</u>	73,313	\$	53,447	\$	37,153	\$	163,913
Accumulated amortization and impairment								
Balance at January 1, 2020 Amortization expenses Disposals Reclassifications	\$	36,285 7,993	\$	30,343 8,653 (254) 234	\$	6,259 2,503	\$	72,887 19,149 (254) 234
Effect of foreign currency exchange differences		2,242		(17)		(3,707)		(1,482)
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	46,520	\$	38,959	\$	5,055	\$	90,534
Carrying amount at December 31, 2020, net	<u>\$</u>	26,793	<u>\$</u>	14,488	<u>\$</u>	32,098	<u>\$</u>	73,379

Other intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Client relationships	8 - 11 years
Computer software	2 - 10 years
Others	2 - 15 years

19. OTHER ASSETS

	December 31		-	
		2020		2019
<u>Current</u>				
Input tax Prepayments Prepaid expenses Overpaid tax retained for offsetting the future tax payable Others	\$ \$	141,621 103,660 89,693 25,822 24,922 385,718	\$	121,729 132,761 73,054 33,657 12,095
Non-Current				
Prepayments for equipment Prepayments for investment Others	\$	277,899 21,299 5,270	\$	152,633 - 7,316
	\$	304,468	\$	159,949

20. BORROWINGS

a. Short-term borrowings

	December 31			
		2020		2019
Secured bank loans (Note 34) Unsecured bank loans	\$	118,148 1,228,482	\$	276,906 1,094,370
	<u>\$</u>	1,346,630	\$	1,371,276

Annual interest rates of short-term borrowings were as follows:

	Decem	December 31		
	2020 2019			
Secured bank loans Unsecured bank loans	1.27% ~ 3.25% 0.75% ~ 3.75%	1.52% ~ 5.22% 0.91% ~ 4.35%		

b. Long-term borrowings

	December 31			
		2020		2019
Secured bank loans (1)	\$	330,503	\$	108,412
Unsecured bank loans (2)		1,394,662		1,769,503
		1,725,165		1,877,915
Decrease: Current portion of long-term borrowings		55,974		353,765
	<u>\$</u>	1,669,191	<u>\$</u>	1,524,150

- 1) As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the range of weighted average effective interest rates of the bank borrowings secured by the Group's freehold land, buildings, right-of-use assets and deposit certificates (see Note 34), was 1.063%- 1.945% and 2.6969%-2.7205% per annum, respectively. Long-term borrowings mentioned above will expire June 2035, and payments of interest and principal are made on schedule.
- 2) As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the range of weighted average effective interest rates of unsecured bank loans was 0.38%- 1.16% and 0.6%-1.184% per annum, respectively. Long-term borrowings mentioned above will expire December 2024, and payments of interest and principal are made on schedule.

21. NOTES PAYABLE AND ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

	Decen	nber 31
	2020	2019
Notes Payable		
Operating	<u>\$ 14,330</u>	<u>\$ 12,788</u>
Accounts Payable		
Operating	<u>\$ 2,287,370</u>	<u>\$ 1,936,397</u>

The Group has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are paid within the pre-agreed credit terms.

22. OTHER LIABILITIES

	De	ecember 31
	2020	2019
Current		
Other liabilities Refund liabilities Others	\$ 156,5 50,1	
	<u>\$ 206,6</u>	\$\frac{167,877}{(Continued)}

	Dec	ember 31
	2020	2019
Non-current		
Other liabilities Guarantee deposits	\$ 3,908	
Others	48,693	53,054
	<u>\$ 52,60</u>	\$ 56,734 (Concluded)

23. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

a. Defined contribution plan

The Group's domestic consolidated entities adopted a pension plan under the Labor Pension Act (LPA), which is a state-managed defined contribution plan. Under the LPA, the Company makes monthly contributions to employees' individual pension accounts at 6% of monthly salaries and wages.

The Group's subsidiaries in China and other regions are members of a state-managed retirement benefit plan operated by each government. The subsidiaries are required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll costs to the retirement benefit plan.

b. Defined benefit plans

The defined benefit plans adopted by the Group in accordance with the Labor Standards Law is operated by the government of the ROC. Pension benefits are calculated on the basis of the length of service and average monthly salaries of the 6 months before retirement. The Group contribute amounts equal to 2% to 15% of total monthly salaries and wages to a pension fund administered by the pension fund monitoring committee. Pension contributions are deposited in the Bank of Taiwan in the committee's name. Before the end of each year, the Group assesses the balance in the pension fund. If the amount of the balance in the pension fund is inadequate to pay retirement benefits for employees who conform to retirement requirements in the next year, the Group is required to fund the difference in one appropriation that should be made before the end of March of the next year. The pension fund is managed by the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor (the "Bureau"); the Group has no right to influence the investment policy and strategy.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries in Indonesia are members of a state-managed retirement benefit plan operated by the government of Indonesia. The subsidiaries are required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll costs to the retirement benefit scheme to fund the benefits.

The amounts included in the consolidated balance sheets in respect of the Group's defined benefit plans are as follows:

	December 31			1
		2020		2019
Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets	\$	431,592 (335,891)	\$	428,052 (313,033)
Net defined benefit liabilities	<u>\$</u>	95,701	\$	115,019

Movements in net defined benefit liabilities were as follows:

	Present Value of the Defined Benefit Obligation	Fair Value of the Plan Assets	Net Defined Benefit Liabilities
Balance at January 1, 2019	\$ 436,747	\$ (287,337)	<u>\$ 149,410</u>
Service cost			
Current service cost	7,460	-	7,460
Past service cost and loss on settlements	(1,137)	-	(1,137)
Net interest expense (income)	5,477	(2,916)	2,561
Recognized in profit or loss	11,800	(2,916)	8,884
Remeasurement			
Return on plan assets (excluding	-	(10,319)	(10,319)
amounts included in net interest)	= 100		= 100
Actuarial loss - changes in financial	7,100	-	7,100
assumptions Actuarial gain - experience	(2,495)	_	(2,495)
adjustments	(2,193)		(2,175)
Actuarial loss - Others	770	-	770
Recognized in other comprehensive	\$ 5,375	\$ (10,319)	\$ (4,944)
income			
Contributions from the employer		(23,870)	(23,870)
Benefits paid	(26,183)	11,409	(14,774)
Exchange differences on foreign plans,	313	-	313
net			
Balance at December 31, 2019	428,052	(313,033)	115,019
Service cost	- 1 - 0		
Current service cost	6,478	-	6,478
Past service cost and loss on	822	-	822
settlements	4.010	(0.042)	1.070
Net interest expense (income)	4,213	(2,243)	1,970
Recognized in profit or loss Remeasurement	11,513	(2,243)	9,270
Return on plan assets (excluding		(10,218)	(10,218)
amounts included in net interest)	-	(10,218)	(10,216)
Actuarial loss - changes in financial	13,386	-	13,386
assumptions Actuarial gain - experience	(6,419)	-	(6,419)
adjustments			
Actuarial loss - Others	1,582		1,582
Recognized in other comprehensive income	8,549	(10,218)	(1,699)
Contributions from the employer		(23,187)	(23,187)
Benefits paid	(15,223)	12,790	(2,433)
Exchange differences on foreign plans, net	(1,299)	-	(1,299)
Balance at December 31, 2020	<u>\$ 431,592</u>	\$ (335,891)	\$ 95,701 (Concluded)
			(Concluded)

An analysis by function of the amounts recognized in profit or loss in respect of the defined benefit plans is as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31			
		2020		2019
Operating costs	\$	3,625	\$	5,196
Selling and marketing expenses		2,002		2,045
General and administrative expenses		3,171		956
Research and development expenses		472	-	687
	<u>\$</u>	9,270	\$	8,884

Through the defined benefit plans under the Labor Standards Law, the Group is exposed to the following risks:

- 1) Investment risk: The plan assets are invested in domestic and foreign equity and debt securities, bank deposits, etc. The investment is conducted at the discretion of the Bureau or under the mandated management. However, in accordance with relevant regulations, the return generated by plan assets shall not be below the interest rate for a 2-year time deposit with local banks.
- 2) Interest risk: A decrease in the government bond interest rate will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plans' debt investments.
- 3) Salary risk: The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated using the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salaries of the plan participants will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

The actuarial valuations of the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out by qualified actuaries. The significant assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuations are as follows:

	December 31		
	2020		
Discount rates	0.3% - 7%	0.7% - 8%	
Expected rates of salary increase	2% - 10%	2% - 10%	

If possible reasonable changes in each of the significant actuarial assumptions will occur and all other assumptions will remain constant, the present value of the defined benefit obligation will increase (decrease) as follows:

	Decem	December 31			
	2020	2019			
Discount rates					
0.25% increase	\$ (9,260)	<u>\$ (9,619)</u>			
0.25% decrease	<u>\$ 9,648</u>	<u>\$ 10,010</u>			
Expected rates of salary increase					
0.25% increase	<u>\$ 9,378</u>	<u>\$ 9,778</u>			
0.25% decrease	<u>\$ (9,068)</u>	<u>\$ (9,458)</u>			

The sensitivity analysis previously presented may not be representative of the actual changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that changes in assumptions will occur in

isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

	December 31			
	2020	2019		
Expected contributions to the plans for the next year	\$ 20,302	<u>\$ 21,837</u>		
Average duration of the defined benefit obligation	9 to 17.84 years	9 to 18.27 years		

24. EQUITY

a. Share capital

Ordinary shares

	December 31			
	2020	2019		
Number of shares authorized (in thousands) Shares authorized	200,000 \$ 2,000,000	200,000 \$ 2,000,000		
Number of shares issued and fully paid (in thousands)	120,570	120,570 1 205 707		
Shares issued	<u>\$ 1,205,707</u>	<u>\$ 1,205,707</u>		

Fully paid ordinary shares, which have a par value of \$10, carry one vote per share and carry a right to dividends.

b. Capital surplus

		Decem	ber 3	1
		2020		2019
May be used to offset a deficit, distributed as cash dividends, or transferred to share capital (1)				
Issuance of ordinary shares	\$	2,040,204	\$	2,040,204
The difference between the consideration received or paid and the carrying amount of the subsidiaries' net assets during				
actual acquisition		2		2
May only be used to offset a deficit				
Changes in percentage of ownership interests in subsidiaries				
(2)		17,249		19,424
Employee share options		44,083		44,083
Expired employee share options		135		135
	\$	2,101,673	\$	2,103,848

- 1) Such capital surplus may be used to offset a deficit; in addition, when the Company has no deficit, such capital surplus may be distributed as cash dividends or transferred to share capital (limited to a certain percentage of the Company's capital surplus and to once a year).
- 2) Such capital surplus arises from the effects of changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries resulting from equity transactions other than actual disposals or acquisitions or from changes in capital surplus of subsidiaries accounted for using the equity method.

c. Retained earnings and dividends policy

Under the dividends policy as set forth in the Articles, where the Company made a profit in a fiscal year, the profit shall be first utilized for paying taxes, offsetting losses of previous years, setting aside as legal reserve 10% of the remaining profit, setting aside or reversing a special reserve in accordance with the laws and regulations, and then any remaining profit together with any undistributed retained earnings shall be used by the Company's board of directors as the basis for proposing a distribution plan, which should be resolved in the shareholders' meeting for the distribution of dividends and bonuses to shareholders. For the policies on the distribution of employees' compensation and remuneration of directors and supervisors after the amendment, refer to employees' compensation and remuneration of directors and supervisors in Note 26-g.

The Company is in a period of stable growth. In order to cope with the future operational expansion plan, the total amount of dividends distributed should not be less than 10% of the year's remaining profit. Shareholder dividends can be distributed in a combination of cash and stock dividends, in which cash dividends should account for 20% to 100% of total dividends distributed, while stock dividends should account for 0% to 80%.

The legal reserve may be used to offset deficits. If the Company has no deficit and the legal reserve has exceeded 25% of the Company's paid-in capital, the excess may be transferred to capital or distributed in cash.

Items referred to under Rule No. 1010012865, Rule No. 1010047490 and Rule No. 1030006415 issued by the FSC and in the directive titled "Questions and Answers for Special Reserves Appropriated Following Adoption of IFRSs" should be appropriated to or reversed from a special reserve by the Company.

The appropriations of earnings for 2019 and 2018 which were approved in the shareholders' meetings in June, 2020 and 2019, respectively, were as follows:

	A	Appropriation of Earnings		Dividends per share (NT\$)				
	For	For the Year Ended December 31		For the Year Ended		led Dece	ember 31	
		2019		2018	20	19	2	018
Legal reserve	\$	122,820	\$	67,277				
Cash dividends		723,425		602,854	\$	6	\$	5

The appropriation of earnings for 2020 which had been proposed by the Company's board of directors on March 25, 2021 was as follows:

	Appropr Earn		Dividends per share (NT\$)	
Legal reserve Cash dividends	·	122,139 843,995	\$	7
Cash dividends	•	343,773	Ψ	/

The appropriation of earnings for 2020 is subject to the resolution of the shareholders in the shareholders' meeting to be held in June, 2021.

d. Special reserve

Upon initial application of IFRSs, the recognized unrealized revaluation adjustments, cumulative translation adjustments, and capital surplus transferred to retained earnings amounted to \$313,321 thousand, while an equivalent amount has been appropriated as special reserve.

e. Other equity items

1) Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations

	For the Year Ended December 31			
	2020		2019	
Balance at January 1 Recognized for the year	\$	(390,008)	\$	(225,544)
Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations		(97,809)		(164,464)
Balance at December 31	\$	(487,817)	\$	(390,008)

2) Unrealized valuation gain or loss on financial assets at FVTOCI

	For the Year Ended December 31			
		2020		2019
Balance at January 1 Recognized for the year	\$	711,113	\$	1,027,000
Unrealized gain (loss) - equity instruments		127,882		(315,887)
Balance at December 31	<u>\$</u>	838,995	\$	711,113

f. Non-controlling interests

	For the Year Ended December 31				
		2020		2019	
Balance at January 1	\$	815,807	\$	727,447	
Share in profit for the year		47,369		87,024	
Other comprehensive income or loss during the year					
Exchange differences on translating the financial					
statements of foreign operations		(7,475)		(5,865)	
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans		(374)		1,807	
Related income tax		75		(349)	
Difference in book value and price of equity acquisition from					
subsidiaries (Note 30)		2,175		4,387	
Dividend payout from subsidiaries		(28,320)		(16,962)	
Issuance of ordinary shares for cash from subsidiaries		89,176		18,318	
Additions from establishing subsidiaries		11,250		<u>-</u>	
Balance at December 31	\$	929,683	\$	815,807	

25. REVENUE

a. Please refer to Note 38 for disaggregation of revenue.

b. Contract balances

	December 31, December 31, 2020 2019		January 1, 2019
Accounts receivable (including related parties)	\$ 3,671,006	\$ 3,578,332	\$ 3,516,825
Contract liabilities - current Sale of goods	<u>\$ 30,581</u>	<u>\$ 18,874</u>	<u>\$ 41,499</u>

The changes in the balance of contract assets and contract liabilities primarily result from the timing difference between the Group's satisfaction of performance obligations and the respective customer's payment.

26. NET PROFIT

a. Interest income

	For t	For the Year Ended December 31			
		2020	2019		
Bank deposits	<u>\$</u>	48,683	\$	34,382	

b. Other income

	For the Year Ended December 31				
		2020		2019	
Dividend income	\$	46,587	\$	55,462	
Grant income (Note)		80,099		51,510	
Rental income		1,766		3,836	
Other income		28,940		22,432	
	<u>\$</u>	157,392	<u>\$</u>	133,240	

Note: The Group received \$43,557 thousand for wage and working capital subsidy from June to November 2020 in accordance with "Special Act for Prevention, Relief and Revitalization Measures for Severe Pneumonia with Novel Pathogens".

c. Other gains and losses

	For the Year Ended December					
	2020			2019		
Net foreign exchange gain (loss) Gain (loss) from disposal of investments Others	\$	(62,234) (7,438) (21,226)	\$	(19,066) 12,446 (14,602)		
	<u>\$</u>	(90,898)	\$	(21,222)		

d. Finance costs

		For	ecember 31		
			2020		2019
	Interest on bank loans Interest on lease liabilities Less: Amounts included in the cost of qualifying assets	\$	45,713 14,829 (1,661)	\$	53,911 19,531 (4,218)
		\$	58,881	\$	69,224
	Information about capitalized interest is as follows:				
		For	the Year End	ded D	
			2020		2019
	Capitalized interest amount Capitalization rate	\$	1,661 1.6%	\$	4,218 1.6%
e.	Depreciation and amortization				
		For	the Year End	ded D	ecember 31
			2020		2019
	An analysis of depreciation by function Operating costs Operating expenses	\$	292,294 113,152	\$	261,263 109,873
		\$	405,446	\$	371,136
	An analysis of amortization by function Operating costs Operating expenses	\$ 	481 18,668 19,149	\$ 	139 15,352 15,491
f.	Employee benefits expense				
		For	the Year End	ded D	ecember 31
		-	2020		2019
	Short-term employee benefits Salaries Labor and health insurance Others	\$	1,832,427 116,910 155,651 2,104,988	\$	1,830,842 119,913 134,509 2,085,264
	Post-employment benefits Defined contribution plans Defined benefit plans (Note 23)		64,549 9,270 73,819		86,753 8,884 95,637
		<u>\$</u>	2,178,807	\$	2,180,901 (Continued)

	For the Year Ended December 31					
	2020			2019		
An analysis of employee benefits expense by function						
Operating costs	\$	733,458	\$	744,040		
Operating expenses		1,445,349		1,436,861		
	<u>\$</u>	2,178,807	\$	2,180,901		
				(Concluded)		

g. Employees' compensation and remuneration of directors

According to the Company's Articles, the Company accrued employees' compensation and remuneration of directors at rates of 2% to 6% and no higher than 3%, respectively, of net profit before income tax, employees' compensation, and remuneration of directors. The employees' compensation and the remuneration of directors for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, which were approved by the Company's board of directors on March, 2021 and 2020, respectively, are as follows:

1) Accrual rate

	For the Year Ended	For the Year Ended December 31			
	2020	2019			
Employees' compensation	2.9%	2.7%			
Remuneration of directors	1.4%	1.3%			

2) Amount

	For	For the Year Ended December 31			
		2020 Cash		2019	
				Cash	
Employees' compensation Remuneration of directors	\$	42,000 20,000	\$	42,000 20,000	

If there is a change in the amounts after the annual consolidated financial statements are authorized for issue, the differences are recorded as a change in the accounting estimate.

There is no difference between the actual amounts of employees' compensation and remuneration of directors paid and the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018.

Information on the employees' compensation and remuneration of directors resolved by the Company's board of directors is available at the Market Observation Post System website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

h. Gains or losses on foreign currency exchange

	For	For the Year Ended Dece				
		2020		2019		
Foreign exchange gains Foreign exchange losses	\$	180,904 (243,138)	\$	121,683 (140,749)		
	<u>\$</u>	(62,234)	\$	(19,066)		

27. INCOME TAXES

a. Major components of income tax expense recognized in profit or loss are as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31					
		2020		2019		
Current tax						
In respect of the current year	\$	353,280	\$	341,593		
Income tax on unappropriated earnings		312		196		
Adjustments for prior years		(15,676)		15,760		
Repatriation of overseas funds		30,482		33,648		
•		368,398		391,197		
Deferred tax		<u> </u>		_		
In respect of the current year		(29,428)		86,261		
	<u>\$</u>	338,970	\$	477,458		

A reconciliation of accounting profit and income tax expenses is as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31				
		2020	2019		
Profit before income tax	<u>\$</u>	1,606,092	\$	1,792,682	
Income tax expense calculated at the statutory rate	\$	472,331	\$	526,296	
Non-deductible expenses in determining taxable income		27,725		29,831	
Tax-exempt income		(9,317)		(11,092)	
Temporary differences		(66,274)		(49,965)	
Overseas investment interest changed to permanent					
investment for prior year		(68,791)		(22,800)	
Permanent differences		(9,575)		(13,625)	
Income tax on unappropriated earnings		312		196	
Adjustments for prior year		(15,676)		15,760	
Tax relief		(22,247)		(30,791)	
Repatriation of overseas funds		30,482		33,648	
	\$	338,970	\$	477,458	

In July 2019, the President of the ROC announced the amendments to the Statute for Industrial Innovation, which stipulate that the amounts of unappropriated earnings in 2018 and thereafter that are reinvested in the construction or purchase of certain assets or technologies are allowed as deduction when computing the income tax on unappropriated earnings. The Group only deducts the amount of capital expenditure from the unappropriated earnings that was actually reinvested when calculating the tax on unappropriated earnings.

b. Income tax recognized in other comprehensive income

	For	For the Year Ended December 31					
	2020			2019			
<u>Deferred tax</u>							
In respect of the current year Translation of foreign operations Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	\$	24,452 (333)	\$	41,115 (950)			
	<u>\$</u>	24,119	\$	40,165			

c. Current tax assets and liabilities

		December 31				
	2020			2019		
Current tax assets Tax refund receivable	<u>\$</u>	2,016	\$	3,705		
Current tax liabilities Income tax payable	<u>\$</u>	251,408	\$	182,583		

d. Deferred tax assets and liabilities

The movements of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities were as follows:

For the year ended December 31, 2020

	Opening Balance			Other Opening Recognized in Comprehensive Ex		Other Opening Recognized in Comprehensive Exchange		Other Opening Recognized in Comprehensive Ex			Closing Balance
<u>Deferred Tax Assets</u>											
Temporary differences Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations	\$ 97,502	\$ -	\$ 24,452	\$ -	\$ 121,954						
Defined benefit obligations Loss on decline in market price of inventories	23,918 29,595	(4,132) 3,771	(333)	327 709	19,870 34,075						
Allowance for impairment loss Payables for annual leave Unrealized gross profit Others	4,097 4,157 22,114 40,355 221,738	397 482 14,578 3,447 18,543	24,119	(865) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	3,629 4,639 36,692 45,445 266,214						
Carryforwards	\$ 288,146	(5,607) \$ 12,936	\$ 24,119 \$ 24,119	1,647 1,647 \$ 3,461	62,448 \$ 328,662						
Deferred Tax Liabilities											
Temporary differences Foreign investment income Provision for land appreciation tax Others	\$ 554,814 235,087 256	\$ (16,290) - (202)	\$ - - -	\$ 36 - (19)	\$ 538,560 235,087 35						
	\$ 790,157	\$ (16,942)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 17</u>	<u>\$ 773,682</u>						

For the year ended December 31, 2019

		Other Dening Recognized in Comprehensive Exchange		Other Opening Recognized in Comprehensive		Opening Balance		Comprehensive				Closing Salance
Deferred Tax Assets												
Temporary differences Exchange differences on translating the	\$	56.387	\$	_	\$	41.115	\$	_	\$	97,502		
financial statements of foreign operations (Note)	Ť	23,231	T		,	,	,		•	,		
Defined benefit obligations		30,632		(5,843)		(950)		79		23,918		
Loss on decline in market price of inventories		29,913		(142)		-		(176)		29,595		
Allowance for impairment loss		2,887		1,645		-		(435)		4,097		
Payables for annual leave		3,757		571		-		(171)		4,157		
Unrealized gross profit		14,749		7,365		-		-		22,114		
Others		35,733		8,639		_		(4,017)		40,355		
		174,058		12,235		40,165		(4,720)		221,738		
Carryforwards		77,964		(9,896)		-		(1,660)		66,408		
	\$	252,022	\$	2,339	\$	40,165	\$	(6,380)	\$	288,146		
Deferred Tax Liabilities												
Temporary differences												
Foreign investment income	\$	470,146	\$	84,744	\$	-	\$	(76)	\$	554,814		
Provision for land appreciation tax		235,087		-		-		-		235,087		
Others	_	147		3,856				(3,747)		256		
	\$	705,380	\$	88,600	\$		\$	(3,823)	\$	790,157		

e. Amount of temporary differences related to investment and unrecognized deferred income tax liabilities

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the taxable temporary differences related to the investment of subsidiaries and unrecognized deferred income tax liabilities are \$190,948 thousand and \$122,157 thousand, respectively.

f. Unused loss carryforwards

Loss carryforwards as of December 31, 2020 comprised:

Unused Amount		Expiry Year
\$	17,042	2021
	26,907	2022
	14,958	2023
	41,756	2024
	17,415	2025
	1,135	2026
	58,662	2027
	10,058	2028
	900	2029
	54,217	2030
	148,153	Note
\$	391,203	

Note: Unused loss carryforwards of certain subsidiaries have no expiry years in accordance with local regulations.

g. Income tax assessments

The income tax returns of the Group and domestic subsidiaries through 2018 have been assessed by the tax authorities.

28. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The earnings and weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding used in the computation of earnings per share are as follows:

Net Profit for the Year

	For the Year Ended December 31			
		2020		2019
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	\$	1,219,753	\$	1,228,200

The weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (in thousands of shares) is as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31			
	2020	2019		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the				
computation of basic earnings per share	120,571	120,571		
Effect of potentially dilutive ordinary shares				
Employees' compensation or bonuses issued to employees	361	331		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the				
computation of diluted earnings per share	120,932	120,902		

If the Group offered to settle the compensation or bonuses paid to employees in cash or shares, the Group assumed that the entire amount of the compensation or bonuses will be settled in shares, and the resulting potential shares were included in the weighted average number of shares outstanding used in the computation of diluted earnings per share, as the effect is dilutive. Such dilutive effect of the potential shares is included in the computation of diluted earnings per share until the number of shares to be distributed to employees is resolved in the following year.

29. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS IN 2019

a. Acquisition of business

	Principal Operating Activities	Date of Acquisition
Morgan Ceramic Tile Adhesives	Production and sale of adhesives, additives and putty	July 31, 2019

The Group acquired the activities and asset portfolio from its unrelated party, Morgan Ceramic Tile Adhesives (established in Australia) in July 2019, which includes the inputs and substantive processes which together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs; the acquisition was handled in accordance with IFRS 3: Business Combinations. The purpose of the acquisition was to expand the business and strengthen the product portfolio.

b. Consideration transferred

	A	Amount
Cash Contingent consideration arrangement (Note)	\$	48,195 3,009
	<u>\$</u>	51,204

Note: Under the contingent consideration arrangement, if the production capacity and gross profit of Morgan Ceramic Tile Adhesives from August 2019 to February 2020 meet the agreed standard, the Group is required to pay the vendor an additional AUD\$250 thousand. The amount of \$3,009 thousand represents the estimated fair value of this obligation at the acquisition date.

c. Assets acquired at the date of acquisition

С.	rissets acquired at the date of acquisition	
		Amount
	Non-current assets Intangible assets Property, plant, and equipment	\$ 21,024 <u>692</u>
		<u>\$ 21,716</u>
d.	Goodwill recognized on acquisition	
		Amount
	Consideration transferred Less: Fair value of identifiable net assets acquired	\$ 51,204 (21,716)
	Goodwill recognized on acquisition	\$ 29,488

The goodwill recognized in the acquisition of Morgan Ceramic Tile Adhesives mainly represents the control premium included in the cost of the combination. In addition, the consideration paid for the combination effectively included amounts attributed to the benefits of expected synergies, revenue growth, future market development and the assembled workforces. These benefits are not recognized separately from goodwill because they do not meet the recognition criteria for identifiable intangible assets.

30. EQUITY TRANSACTIONS WITH NON - CONTROLLING INTERESTS

	For the Year Ended December 31					-
	2020			2019		
	Pharm	rince naceutical Ltd. (b)	Ad Mate	n Nan Pao vanced rials Co., td. (c)	Phar	Prince maceutical , Ltd. (a)
Cash consideration paid The proportionate share of the carrying amount of the net assets of the subsidiary transferred to non-controlling interests	\$	(1,655)	\$	3,830	\$	56,683 (52,296)
Differences recognized from equity transactions	\$	(1,655)	\$	3,830	<u>\$</u>	4,387
Line items adjusted for equity transactions						
Capital surplus - changes in percentage of ownership interests in subsidiaries	\$	1,655	\$	(3,830)	\$	(4,387)

- a. In December 2019, the Group did not subscribe for additional new shares of Prince Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. in accordance with the shareholding ratio, increasing its continuing interest from 49.9% to 52.3%.
- b. In May 2020, Prince Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. Exercised employee share options, resulting in a decrease in the shareholding ration from 52.3% to 50.51%.
- c. In November 2020, the Group did not subscribe to the issuance of ordinary share in the amount of CNY 15,000 thousand for cash of Foshan Nan Pao Advanced Materials Co., Ltd. in accordance with the shareholding ratio, decreasing its shareholding ratio from 68% to 60.47%.

The above transactions were accounted for as equity transactions, since the Group did not cease to have control over these subsidiaries.

31. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will have sufficient financial resources and operating plans to fund its working capital needs, capital asset purchases, research and development expenses, debt service requirements, stock dividends and other business requirements associated with its existing operations.

32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a. Fair value of financial instruments not measured at fair value

The Group believes that the carrying amounts of financial instruments not measured at fair value recognized in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

- b. Fair value of financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis
 - 1) Fair value hierarchy

December 31, 2020

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTOCI				
Investment in equity instruments Unlisted shares	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,109,267</u>	<u>\$ 1,109,267</u>
December 31, 2019				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTOCI				
Investment in equity instruments Unlisted shares	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 976,745</u>	<u>\$ 976,745</u>

2) Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial instruments

Financial assets at FVTOCI

	For the Year Ended December 31					
	2020			2019		
Balance at January 1	\$	976,745	\$	1,210,580		
Recognized in other comprehensive income (included in						
unrealized valuation gain or loss on financial assets at						
FVTOCI)		127,882		(315,887)		
Purchases		5,330		82,367		
Proceeds from capital reduction		(315)		(315)		
Dividends paid from capital surplus		(375)		<u>-</u>		
Balance at December 31	\$	1,109,267	\$	976,745		

- 3) Valuation techniques and inputs used in Level 3 fair value measurement
 - a) The market approach is used to estimate the fair values of some of the domestic unlisted shares, and the determination of fair value takes into consideration the industry type, valuation of comparable companies and the operating situation, or based on the company's net value.
 - b) The asset approach is used to estimate the fair values of some of the domestic unlisted equity investments, and the fair values are determined by assessing the total value of individual assets and liabilities covered by the valuation target, in order to reflect the overall value of the business or equity.

c. Categories of financial instruments

	December 31				
		2020		2019	
<u>Financial assets</u>					
Financial asset at amortized cost (1) Financial asset at FVTOCI	\$	8,805,518 1,109,267	\$	8,563,449 976,745	
Financial liabilities					
Amortized cost (2)		6,186,583		6,014,674	

- 1) The balances include financial assets at amortized cost, which comprise cash and cash equivalents, debt investments, accounts receivable (including related parties) and other receivables.
- 2) The balances include financial liabilities at amortized cost, which comprise short-term borrowings, accounts payable, other payables, long-term borrowings (including current portion of long-term borrowings) and refund of guarantee deposits (current and non-current liabilities).

d. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include equity and debt investments, accounts receivable, accounts payable, borrowings and lease liabilities. The Group's corporate treasury function provides services to the business, coordinates access to domestic and international financial markets, and monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Group through internal risk reports that analyze exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk (including foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

Major financing activities of the Group are reviewed by the board of directors based on relevant regulations and the internal control system. The Compliance with policies and exposure limits is reviewed by the internal auditors on a continuous basis. The Group did not enter into or trade financial instruments, including derivative financial instruments, for speculative purposes.

1) Market risk

The Group's activities exposed it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates (see (a) below), interest rates (see (b) below) and other price (see (c) below).

There has been no change to the Group's exposure to market risks or the manner in which these risks are managed and measured.

a) Foreign currency risk

The Group entered into foreign currency denominated sales and purchases, which expose the Group to foreign currency risk.

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities (including those eliminated on consolidation) at the end of the year are set out in Note 36.

Sensitivity analysis

The Group is mainly exposed to the USD and the VND.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 1% increase and decrease in the functional currency against the relevant foreign currencies. The sensitivity analysis included only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items. A positive number below indicates an increase in pre-tax profit and other equity associated with the functional currency weakening 1% against the relevant currency. For a 1% strengthening of the functional currency against the relevant currency, there would be an equal and opposite impact on pre-tax profit and other equity, and the balances below would be negative.

	USD Impact					
	For the Year Ended December 31					
		2020		2019	_	
Profit (loss)	\$	8,075	\$	16,444	i	
		VND 1	[mpact			
	For t	the Year En	ded Dec	ember 31	_	
		2020		2019	_	
Profit (loss)	\$	8,183	\$	8,249	ii	

- i. This was mainly attributable to the exposure on outstanding cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and payables and borrowings in USD that were not hedged at the end of the year. The reason of change is the amount of cash in USD decreased.
- ii. This was mainly attributable to the exposure on outstanding cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and payables in VND that were not hedged at the end of the year.

b) Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk because entities in the Group borrowed funds at both fixed and floating interest rates. The risk is managed by the Group by maintaining an appropriate mix of fixed and floating rate borrowings.

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities with exposure to interest rates at the end of the year were as follows:

	December 31				
	2020			2019	
Fair value interest rate risk					
Financial assets	\$	1,068,554	\$	787,978	
Financial liabilities		556,883		499,581	
Cash flow interest rate risk					
Financial assets		3,396,918		3,621,382	
Financial liabilities		3,071,795		3,249,191	

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below was determined based on the Group's exposure to interest rates for both derivative and non-derivative instruments at the end of the year. For floating rate liabilities, the analysis was prepared assuming the amount of each liability outstanding at the end of the year was outstanding for the whole year. If interest rates had been 0.25% higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's pre-tax profit for the years

ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 would increase/decrease by \$7,679 thousand and \$8,123 thousand, respectively, which was mainly a result of variable-rate borrowings.

c) Other price risk

The Group was exposed to equity price risk through its investments in domestic unlisted shares. As there is no open market quotation for such equity pricing, the price risk is immaterial.

2) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group. At the end of the year, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk, which would cause a financial loss to the Group due to the failure of the counterparty to discharge its obligation, could be equal to the carrying amount of the respective recognized financial assets as stated in the balance sheets.

Since the counterparties of the Group are all creditworthy business organizations, there is no anticipated material credit risk. The Group also continues to evaluate the financial status of clients for accounts receivable.

The Group's concentration of credit risk in accounts receivable was set out as follows:

		Decen	ıber 31	
	2020		2019	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
Group A	\$ 288,565	8	\$ 371,342	11

3) Liquidity risk

The Group manages liquidity risk by monitoring and maintaining a level of cash and cash equivalents and liquid financial assets deemed adequate to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. In addition, management monitors the utilization of bank borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

The Group's working capital and the credit line which the Group has obtained are sufficient to support future operational needs, so there is no liquidity risk due to the inability to raise funds to fulfill contractual obligations.

a) Liquidity and interest rate risk tables for non-derivative financial liabilities

The following tables details the Group's remaining contractual maturities for its non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed upon repayment periods. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities from the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The tables includes both interest and principal cash flows. Specifically, bank loans with a repayment on demand clause were included in the earliest time band regardless of the probability of the banks choosing to exercise their rights. The maturity dates for other non-derivative financial liabilities were based on the agreed upon repayment dates.

To the extent that interest flows are at floating rates, the undiscounted amount was derived from the interest rate curve at the end of the year.

December 31, 2020

	Less than 1 Year	1 - 5 Years	Over 5 Years
Non-derivative financial liabilities			
Non-interest bearing liabilities Lease liabilities Fixed interest rate liabilities Variable interest rate liabilities	\$ 3,110,880 93,174 87,296 1,323,972	\$ 3,908 156,705 - 1,468,311	\$ - 390,799 - 252,632
	\$ 4,615,322	<u>\$ 1,628,924</u>	<u>\$ 643,431</u>

Additional information about the maturity analysis for lease liabilities:

	Less than 1 Year	1-5 Years	6-10 Years	11-20 Years	Over 21 Years
Lease liabilities	\$ 93,174	<u>\$ 156,705</u>	<u>\$ 156,973</u>	<u>\$ 178,755</u>	\$ 55,071

December 31, 2019

	Less than 1 Year	1 - 5 Years	Over 5 Years
Non-derivative financial liabilities			
Non-interest bearing liabilities Lease liabilities Variable interest rate liabilities	\$ 2,761,803 68,704 1,742,880	\$ 3,680 173,513 1,553,784	\$ - 424,260
	\$ 4,573,387	\$ 1,730,977	<u>\$ 424,260</u>

Additional information about the maturity analysis for lease liabilities:

	Less than 1 Year	1-5 Years	6-10 Years	11-20 Years	Over 21 Years
Lease liabilities	\$ 68,704	\$ 173,513	\$ 161,879	\$ 206,392	\$ 55,989

The amounts included above for variable interest rate instruments for both non-derivative financial assets and liabilities are subject to change if changes in variable interest rates differ from those estimates of interest rates determined at the end of the year.

b) Financing facilities

	December 31				
	2020		2020 2019		
Unsecured bank overdraft facilities, reviewed annually and payable at call:					
Amount used	\$	2,670,447	\$	2,958,649	
Amount unused		6,509,431		5,075,715	
	\$	9,179,878	\$	8,034,364	
Secured bank overdraft facilities:					
Amount used	\$	502,226	\$	386,460	
Amount unused		359,065		133,242	
	<u>\$</u>	861,291	<u>\$</u>	519,702	

33. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Besides information disclosed elsewhere in the other notes, details of transactions between the Group and other related parties are disclosed as follows.

a. Related party name and category

Name of Related Party

Related Party Category

Total Acrylic Polymer Industry (Tapi) Corporation Associate
Pou Chen Corporation and Subsidiaries Investors
Opulence Optronics Co., Ltd. The Group

Investors with significant influence
The Group is an executive of the Company

b. Sales of goods

	For the Year Ended December 3				
Related Party Category	2020			2019	
Investors with significant influence	\$	1,041,449	\$	1,457,866	

The sales prices were not significantly different from those with third parties. The credit term is 30 to 105 days, which is not significantly different from that for non-related parties.

c. Purchases of goods

	For the Y	For the Year Ended December 31				
	2020)	2019			
Related Party Category						
Associate	\$	14,266	\$	19,761		

There were no comparable purchase prices of similar products with third parties. The payment term is 30 days to 45 days, which is not significantly different from that for non-affiliates.

d. Receivables from related parties

		December 31			
Related Party Category / Line Item Name		2020	2019		
Accounts receivable	Investors with significant influence Pou Chen Corporation and its subsidiaries	<u>\$ 288,565</u>	<u>\$ 371,342</u>		

The outstanding accounts receivable from related parties are unsecured.

e. Payables to related parties

		Decem	iber 31
Line Item	Related Party Category	2020	2019
Accounts payable	Associate	<u>\$ 698</u>	<u>\$ 1,427</u>
Other payables	Investors with significant influence	<u>\$ 129</u>	<u>\$ 127</u>

The outstanding accounts payable to related parties are unsecured.

f. Others - refund liabilities

		December 31			
Line Item	Related Party Category / Name	2020		2019	
Other current liabilities	Investors with significant influence Pou Chen Corporation and its subsidiaries	<u>\$</u>	82,098	<u>\$</u>	70,356

g. Compensation of key management personnel

	For the Year Ended December 31				
		2020		2019	
Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits	\$	63,688 2,319	\$	60,485 7,114	
	<u>\$</u>	66,007	\$	67,599	

The remuneration of directors and key executives, as determined by the remuneration committee, was based on industry standards, the performance of individuals and the Company and the related reasonable determination of future risks.

34. ASSETS PLEDGED AS COLLATERAL OR FOR SECURITY

The following assets are provided as collateral for tariff, letters of credit, long-term and short-term bank borrowings:

	Decem	ber 31	,
	2020		2019
Property, plant and equipment Pledged time deposits (Financial assets measured at amortized	\$ 639,008	\$	133,495
cost)	9,787		25,141
Right-of-use assets	 16,305		17,674
	\$ 665,100	\$	176,310

35. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED COMMITMENTS

In addition to those disclosed in other notes, significant contingencies and unrecognized commitments of the Group at December 31, 2020 and 2019 were as follows:

- a. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, unused letters of credit for purchases of raw materials and machinery and equipment amounted to approximately \$92,191 thousand and \$86,319 thousand, respectively.
- b. Unrecognized commitments are as follows:

	Decem	ber 31	_
	2020		2019
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment Acquisition of raw material	\$ 660,431 84,011	\$	723,115 46,084
	\$ 744,442	\$	769,199

c. Material Lawsuits

The Company had won the bid for land, plant, and machinery equipment owned by He Kui Chemical Company from Changhua District Court in 2007 and sold the above assets to its subsidiary, Nan Pao Chemical Co., Ltd., for production purposes. On January 31, 2008, third-party Fu-chien Management Consulting Company claimed to be the mortgagee of the aforementioned machinery and equipment at Taiwan Changhua District Court and seized the batch of machinery and equipment. Nan Pao Chemical Co., Ltd. has filed for Third Party of Dissent Action arguing that Fu-chien Management Consulting Company's claims over the above-mentioned machinery and equipment were false. Nevertheless, a fire broke out in Nan Pao Chemical Co., Ltd. in January 2010, with all plants and machinery burnt down. Therefore, the content of litigation was changed to confirming whether the machinery had belonged to Nan Pao Chemical Co., Ltd. If the court believed that machinery was not the property of Nan Pao Chemical Co., Ltd., but was destroyed due to its negligence, Nan Pao Chemical Co., Ltd. would be liable for damage. In June 2017, the Supreme Court of Taiwan ruled in a civil lawsuit that machinery and equipment did not belong to Nan Pao Chemical Co., Ltd.

Based on the ruling of the Changhua District Court, He Kui Chemical Company argued for ownership of machinery and equipment in the plant. Based on the aforementioned litigation, He Kui Chemical Company filed for an indemnity lawsuit against Nan Pao Chemical Co., Ltd. for damage caused by use of machinery and equipment, and sought for indemnity of \$53,102 thousand. Nevertheless, the amount that He Kui Chemical Company claimed for was based on the purchase price of machinery and

equipment, and did not factor in depreciation based on the useful life of property, plant, and equipment. The batch of machinery was purchased in the 1990s and early 2000s, with surplus value under \$53,102 thousand. The Company has appropriated a liability reserve of \$38,445 thousand based on the remaining value.

As of the date of issue of the consolidated financial statements, the indemnity lawsuit against He Kui Chemical Company was still being ruled at the Changhua District Court.

36. SIGNIFICANT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DENOMINATED IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES

The Group's significant financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies aggregated by the foreign currencies other than the functional currencies of the entities in the Group and the related exchange rates between the foreign currencies and the respective functional currencies were as follows:

December 31, 2020

	Foreign Currency	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount
Financial assets			
Monetary items USD	\$ 44,287	28.48 (USD:NTD)	\$ 1,261,294
USD	7,757	6.5171 (USD:CNY)	220,646
USD	7,622	14,030 (USD:IDR)	217,078
USD	5,972	7.75 (USD:HKD)	170,102
VND	840,813,025	0.000043 (VND:USD)	1,031,973
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items			
USD	19,653	28.2 (USD:NTD)	554,219
USD	1,939	6.52 (USD:CNY)	55,237
USD	5,824	7.7539 (USD:HKD)	165,854
USD	6,775	14,030 (USD:IDR)	192,966
USD	3,274	4.01 (USD:MYR)	93,296
VND	173,150,789	0.000043 (VND:USD)	213,705

December 31, 2019

	Foreign Currency	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount
Financial assets			
Monetary items USD	\$ 56,328	29.98	\$ 1,688,763
USD	10,279	(USD:NTD) 6.9762 (USD:CNY)	314,694
USD	8,611	13,752 (USD:IDR)	264,078
USD	6,004	7.79 (USD:HKD)	185,090
HKD	26,252	0.1284 (HKD:USD)	104,615
VND	712,097,294	0.000043 (VND:USD)	952,606
MYR	8,956	0.3488 (MYR:AUD)	65,493
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items			
USD	5,307	30.0085 (USD:NTD)	159,269
USD	2,369	6.9835 (USD:CNY)	72,613
USD	4,571	7.789 (USD:HKD)	140,928
USD	6,016	13,752 (USD:IDR)	184,508
USD	3,746	23,207 (USD:VND)	116,321
USD	4,504	1.4273 (USD:AUD)	134,761
VND	95,161,905	0.000043 (VND:USD)	127,669

The Group is mainly exposed to the USD. The following information was aggregated by the functional currencies of the entities in the Group, and the exchange rates between the respective functional currencies and the presentation currency were disclosed. The significant (realized and unrealized) foreign exchange gains (losses) were as follows:

For the Year Ended December 31

	Tof the Tear Ended December 51										
Functional Currency USD NTD CNY SGD AUD IDR	202	0		2019							
	Exchange Rate	Exch	Foreign ange Gain Loss)	Exchange Rate	Net Foreign Exchange Gain (Loss)						
USD	29.549(USD:NTD)	\$	783	30.912 (USD:NTD)	\$	(1,303)					
NTD	1(NTD:NTD)		(51,606)	1 (NTD:NTD)		(29,192)					
CNY	4.282(CNY:NTD)		(26,487)	4.472 (CNY:NTD)		4,866					
SGD	21.43(SGD:NTD)		30	22.66 (SGD:NTD)		(329)					
AUD	20.395(AUD:NTD)		3,351	21.495 (AUD:NTD)		(365)					
IDR	0.00205(IDR:NTD)		4,880	0.00221 (IDR:NTD)		(2,961)					
Others			6,815			10,218					
		\$	(62,234)		\$	(19,066)					

37. SEPARATELY DISCLOSED ITEMS

- a. Information about significant transactions and investees:
 - 1) Financing provided to others (Table 1)
 - 2) Endorsements/guarantees provided (Table 2)
 - 3) Marketable securities held (excluding investments in subsidiaries and associates) (Table 3)
 - 4) Marketable securities acquired or disposed of at costs or prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital (N/A)
 - 5) Acquisition of individual real estate at costs of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital (N/A)
 - 6) Disposal of individual real estate at prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital (N/A)
 - 7) Total purchases from or sales to related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital (Table 4)
 - 8) Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital (Table 5)
 - 9) Trading in derivative instruments (N/A)
 - 10) Intercompany relationships and significant intercompany transactions (Table 9)
- b. Information on investees (Table 6)

- c. Information on investments in mainland China
 - 1) Information on any investee company in mainland China, showing the name, principal business activities, paid-in capital, method of investment, inward and outward remittance of funds, ownership percentage, net income of investees, investment income or loss, carrying amount of the investment at the end of the year, repatriations of investment income, and limit on the amount of investment in the mainland China area (Table 7)
 - 2) Any of the following significant transactions with investee companies in mainland China, either directly or indirectly through a third party, and their prices, payment terms, and unrealized gains or losses (Table 8):
 - a) The amount and percentage of purchases and the balance and percentage of the related payables at the end of the year
 - b) The amount and percentage of sales and the balance and percentage of the related receivables at the end of the year
 - c) The amount of property transactions and the amount of the resultant gains or losses
 - d) The balance of negotiable instrument endorsements or guarantees or pledges of collateral at the end of the year and the purposes
 - e) The highest balance, the ending balance, the interest rate range, and total current period interest with respect to the financing of funds
 - f) Other transactions that have a material effect on the profit or loss for the year or on the financial position, such as the rendering or receipt of services
- d. Information of major shareholders: List all shareholders with ownership of 5% or greater showing the name of the shareholder, the number of shares owned, and percentage of ownership of each shareholder (Table 10)

38. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on the types of goods or services delivered or provided. Specifically, the Group's reportable segments under IFRS 8 "Operating Segments" were as follows:

a. Segment revenue and results

The following was an analysis of the Group's revenue and results from continuing operations by reportable segments:

	Taiwan	Mainland China	Vietnam	Australia	Other Regions	Adjustments and Write-Off	Total
For the year ended December 31, 2020							
Revenue Revenue from external customers Inter segment revenue	\$ 3,089,778 2,238,103	\$ 5,511,179 1,119,621	\$ 3,747,259 535,890	\$ 1,994,353 8,933	\$ 1,208,775 30,120	\$ - (3,932,667)	\$ 15,551,344
Total revenue	\$ 5,327,881	<u>\$ 6,630,800</u>	<u>\$ 4,283,149</u>	\$ 2,003,286	<u>\$ 1,238,895</u>	<u>\$ (3,932,667)</u>	<u>\$ 15,551,344</u>
Segment income Interest income Other income Other gains and losses Finance costs Share of profit of associates accounted for using the equity method	<u>\$ 551,482</u>	<u>\$ 319,932</u>	<u>\$ 507,904</u>	<u>\$ 67,873</u>	<u>\$ 93,698</u>	<u>\$ (39,189)</u>	\$ 1,501,700 48,683 157,392 (90,898) (58,881) 48,096
Profit before tax							\$ 1,606,092
						(0	Continued)

	Taiwan	Mainland China	Vietnam	Australia	Other Regions	Adjustments and Write-Off	Total
For the year ended December 31, 2019							
Revenue Revenue from external customers Inter segment revenue	\$ 3,384,961 2,586,910	\$ 6,204,421 1,282,979	\$ 4,037,392 652,144	\$ 1,962,953 17,246	\$ 1,523,819 34,169	\$ - (4,573,448)	\$ 17,113,546
Total revenue	\$ 5,971,871	<u>\$ 7,487,400</u>	<u>\$ 4,689,536</u>	\$ 1,980,199	\$ 1,557,988	<u>\$ (4,573,448</u>)	<u>\$ 17,113,546</u>
Segment income Interest income Other income Other gains and losses Finance costs Share of profit of associates accounted for using the equity method	<u>\$ 495,825</u>	<u>\$ 350,784</u>	<u>\$ 647,194</u>	<u>\$ 33,729</u>	<u>\$ 145,110</u>	<u>\$ 9,387</u>	\$ 1,682,029 34,382 133,240 (21,222) (69,224) 33,477
Profit before tax						(C	<u>\$_1,792,682</u> oncluded)

Segment profit represents the profit before tax earned by each segment without non-operating income and expenses and income tax expense. This was the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

The decision of the Group's chief operating decision maker is based on the operating results of the different segments. Information on classified assets and liabilities from different business activities are not evaluated, and only the operating results of the reportable segments are shown.

b. Revenue from major products and services

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue from continuing operations from its major products and services.

	Fo	2,181,039 2,131,575 1,546,681 1,794,592			
		2020		2019	
Adhesives	\$	11,146,318	\$	12,487,929	
Construction materials		2,181,039		2,131,575	
Coatings		1,546,681		1,794,592	
Others		677,306		699,450	
	<u>\$</u>	15,551,344	\$	17,113,546	

c. Geographical information

The Group operates in three principal geographical areas - Taiwan (ROC), China and Southeast Asia.

The Group's revenue from continuing operations from external customers by location of operations and information about its non-current assets by location of assets are detailed below.

	Re	2,369,732 2,416,552 1,805,382 1,779,158 95,248 85,305 50,194 76,869 111,443 153,306			
	Fo	or the Year End	Re Year Ended December 31 020 2019 1,119,345 \$ 12,602,356 2,369,732 2,416,552 1,805,382 1,779,158 95,248 85,305 50,194 76,869 111,443 153,306		
		2020		2019	
Asia	\$	11,119,345	\$	12,602,356	
Taiwan		2,369,732		2,416,552	
Oceania		1,805,382		1,779,158	
America		95,248		85,305	
Africa		50,194		76,869	
Europe		111,443		153,306	
	<u>\$</u>	15,551,344	\$	17,113,546	

		ssets		
		Decem	ber 3	1,
		2020		2019
Taiwan	\$	3,571,540	\$	3,213,051
Mainland China		940,655		681,564
Southeast Asia		1,264,905		1,356,741
Australia		761,087		700,247
	<u>\$</u>	6,538,187	\$	5,951,603

Non-current assets exclude financial instruments (excluding investment for using the equity method) and deferred tax assets.

NAN PAO RESINS CHEMICAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

FINANCING PROVIDED TO OTHERS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

			Financial	Deleted	Highest Delenge for		Actual Amount	Interest Rate	Nature of	Business	Reasons for	Allowance for	Colla	ateral	Financing Limit for	Aggregate
No.	Lender	Borrower	Statement Account	Party	Highest Balance for the Period	Ending Balance	Borrowed(Note 5)		Financing (Note 1)	Transaction Amounts	Short-term Financing	Impairment Loss	Item	Value	Each Borrower	Financing Limits
0	Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd.	RLA Polymers (M) Sdn. Bhd.	Other accounts receivable-related parties	Yes	\$ 90,750	\$ -	\$ -	4.2	2	\$ -	Operating turnover	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ 2,053,320	\$ 4,106,640
1	Nan Pao Group Holdings Ltd.	RLA Polymers (M) Sdn. Bhd.		Yes	90,750	-	-	2.75	2	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	3,985,059	3,985,059

Note 1: The nature of financing is numbered as follows:

- 1. Has business relationship
- 2. Short-term financing needs

Note 2: The Company's regulations regarding the procedures for financing provided to others are as follows:

- 1. The aggregate financing limit is 40% of the Company's net value.
- 2. The financing limit for each borrower is as follows:
- (1) For financing provided to counterparties that have business relationships with the Company, the financing limit for each borrower should not exceed the higher of the total sales or purchase amount between the two parties for the most recent year, and the financing limit should not exceed the aggregate financing limit.
- (2) For financing provided to those with short-term financing needs, the financing limit for each borrower should not exceed 20% of the Company's net value.

Note 3: The regulations regarding the procedures for financing provided by the subsidiaries directly or indirectly owned by the Company to others are set out below:

- 1. The aggregate financing limit is 100% of the lender's net value.
- 2. The financing limit for each borrower is as follows:
- (1) For financing provided to counterparties that have business relationships with the Company, the financing limit for each borrower should not exceed the higher of the total sales or purchase amount between the two parties for the most recent year, and the financing limit should not exceed the aggregate financing limit.
- (2) For financing provided to those with short-term financing needs, the financing limit for each borrower should not exceed 20% of the Company's net value.

Note 4: For foreign companies which the Company directly or indirectly owns 100% of their voting shares, both the aggregate financing limit and financing limit for each borrower should not exceed the net value of the borrower.

Note 5: Eliminated during the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

ENDORSEMENTS/GUARANTEES PROVIDED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

		Endorsee/Guarantee							Ratio of Accumulated		Endorsement/	T 1 4	T. 1
No.	Endorser/Guarantor	Name	Relationship(N ote 1)	Limit on Endorsement/ Guarantee Given on Behalf of Each Party (Note 2 & 3)	Maximum Amount Endorsed/ Guaranteed During the Period	Outstanding Endorsement/ Guarantee at the End of the Period	Actual Amount Borrowed	Amount Endorsed/ Guaranteed by Collateral	Endorsement/ Guarantee to Net Equity in Latest Financial Statements (%)	Aggregate Endorsement/ Guarantee Limit (Note 2 & 3)		Endorsement/ Guarantee Given by Subsidiaries on Behalf of Parent	Endorsement/ Guarantee Given on Behalf of Companies in Mainland China
0	Nan Pao Resins	Phymed Bio-tec Co., Ltd.	2	\$ 2,053,320	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 2,400	\$ -	0.10	\$ 7,186,621	Y	N	N
	Chemical Co., Ltd.	Nan Pao Philippines Export, Inc	2	2,053,320	15,125	14,240	-	-	0.14	7,186,621	Y	N	N
		ITLS International Development Co., Ltd.	2	2,053,320	20,000	20,000	1,411	-	0.19	7,186,621	Y	N	N
		Nan Pao Resins (HK) Limited (Note 5)	2	2,053,320	24,319	-	-	-	-	7,186,621	Y	N	N
		Nan Pao Resins (Vietnam) Enterprise Ltd. (Note 5)	2	2,053,320	24,319	-	-	-	-	7,186,621	Y	N	N
		Eastlion Enterprises Limited (Note 4)	2	2,053,320	25,319	-	-	-	-	7,186,621	Y	N	N
		Nan Pao Resins (HK) Limited (Note 4)	2	2,053,320	25,319	-	-	-	-	7,186,621	Y	N	N
		Nan Pao Resins (Vietnam) Enterprise Ltd. (Note 4)	2	2,053,320	25,319	-	-	-	-	7,186,621	Y	N	N
		Nan Pao Advanced Materials Vietnam Co., Ltd.	2	2,053,320	30,250	-	-	-	-	7,186,621	Y	N	N
		Nan Pao Resins Chemical Philippines Inc.	2	2,053,320	30,250	28,480	14,240	-	0.28	7,186,621	Y	N	N
		Nan Pao Resins International Ltd.	2	2,053,320	75,625	71,200	-	-	0.69	7,186,621	Y	N	N
		Nan Pao Group Holdings Ltd.	2	2,053,320	90,750	56,960	-	-	0.55	7,186,621	Y	N	N
		RLA Polymers (M) Sdn. Bhd.	2	2,053,320	90,750	85,440	81,168	-	0.83	7,186,621	Y	N	N
		Nan Pao Resins (HK) Limited	2	2,053,320	136,125	128,160	-	-	1.25	7,186,621	Y	N	N
		RLA Polymers Pty Ltd.	2	2,053,320	151,250	142,400	94,385	-	1.39	7,186,621	Y	N	N
		Fuqing Nan Pao Resins Co., Limited (Note 5)	2	2,053,320	24,319	-	-	-	-	7,186,621	Y	N	Y
		Nan Pao Resins (China) Co., Ltd. (Note 5)	2	2,053,320	24,319	-	-	-	-	7,186,621	Y	N	Y
		Nan Pao Resins (Fo Shan) Co., Ltd. (Note 5)	2	2,053,320	24,319	-	-	-	-	7,186,621	Y	N	Y
		Nan Pao Resins (China) Co., Ltd. (Note 4)	2	2,053,320	25,319	-	-	-	-	7,186,621	Y	N	Y
		Nan Pao Resins (Fo Shan) Co., Ltd. (Note 4)	2	2,053,320	25,319	-	-	-	-	7,186,621	Y	N	Y
		Fuqing Nan Pao Resins Co., Limited (Note 4)	2	2,053,320	25,319	-	-	-	-	7,186,621	Y	N	Y
		Progroups Technology co. Ltd.	2	2,053,320	10,000	-	-	-	-	7,186,621	Y	N	N
		PT. Indo Nan Pao Resins Chemical (Note 4)	2	2,053,320	25,319	-	-	-	-	7,186,621	Y	N	N
		PT. Indo Nan Pao Resins Chemical (Note 5)	2	2,053,320	24,319	-	-	-	-	7,186,621	Y	N	N
		RLA Polymers (M) Sdn. Bhd	2	2,053,320	120,080	113,920	-	-	1.11	7,186,621	Y	N	N
		Nan Pao New Materials (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	2	2,053,320	131,370	131,310	-	-	1.28	7,186,621	Y	N	Y
1	NP Australia Pty Ltd.	RLA Polymers Pty Ltd.	2	139,491	107,555	107,555	21,950	-	15.42	488,217	N	N	N

Note 1: Relationships between the endorser/guarantor and endorsee/guarantee are as follows:

- Companies with business relationship
- A company that directly and indirectly holds more than 50 percent of the voting rights in the Company
- A company that directly and indirectly holds more than 50 percent of the voting rights in the Company
 A company that directly and indirectly holds more than 50 percent of the voting rights in the Company
 A company that directly and indirectly holds more than 90 percent of the voting rights in the Company
- 5. Companies with the same industry or mutual project undertakers that have mutual guarantee based on contract agreements due to contractual project needs
- 6. Due to joint venture, the company's shareholders' endorsement is based on their shareholding ratio
- 7. The performance guarantee of the pre-sale house sales contract in the same industry in accordance with the Consumer Protection Law is jointly guaranteed

Note 2: The limit on endorsement/guarantee given on behalf of each party is 20% of the Company's net value at the end of the period, while the aggregate endorsement/guarantee limit is 70% of the Company's net value.

- Note 3: The limit on endorsement/guarantee given by subsidiaries directly or indirectly owned by the Company on behalf of each party is 20% of the endorsee company's net value.
- Note 4: The credit limit of letter of credit is USD837,000 shared by 7 subsidiaries. The balance of the company's endorsement / guarantee for subsidiaries is also USD837,000. Therefore, maximum total actual borrowing amount of each subsidiary is limited to USD837,000.
- Note 5: The credit limit of letter of credit is USD804,600 shared by 6 subsidiaries. The balance of the company's endorsement / guarantee for subsidiaries is also USD804,600. Therefore, maximum total actual borrowing amount of each subsidiary is limited to USD804,600.

MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD

DECEMBER 31, 2020

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

					December 3	1, 2020		
Holding Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable Securities	Relationship with the Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	Number of Shares	Number of Shares Carrying Amount		Fair Value	Note
Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd.	Dairen Chemical Corp publicly owned company	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	6,515,606	\$ 1,056,114	2	\$ 1,056,114	
	Hua Chi Venture Capital Co., Ltd privately-issued equity	"	"	94,737	2,937	1	2,937	
	Contact Organics Pty Ltd- privately-issued equity	"	"	1,191	5,887	8	5,887	
	Revivegen Environmental Technology Co., Ltd privately-issued equity	"	"	395,957	13,075	2	13,075	
	FlexUP Technologies Corp privately-issued equity	"	"	1,200,000	1,284	7	1,284	
	Opulence Optronics Co., Ltd privately-issued equity	The Group is an executive of the Company	"	2,049,200	1,233 \$ 1,080,530	11	1,233 \$ 1,080,530	
Nan Pao Chemical Company Ltd.	Ace Chemical Corpprivately-issued equity	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	893,265	\$ 28,737	10	\$ 28,737	

Note 1: The marketable securities listed in the table above refer to the shares, bonds, beneficiary certificates and marketable securities derived from the above accounts which fall within the scope of IFRS 9: Financial Instruments.

Note 2: Please see Tables 6 and 7 for information on investments in subsidiaries and associates.

TOTAL PURCHASES FROM OR SALES TO RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Duna	Doloted Doute	Dolotionskin		Transactio	on Details		Abnormal T	Transaction	Notes/Accoun (Paya		Note
Buyer	Related Party	Relationship	Purchase/ Sale	Amount (Note)	% of Total	Payment Terms	Unit Price	Payment Terms	Ending Balance (Note)	% of Total	Note
Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd.	Nan Pao Resins (Vietnam) Enterprise Ltd.	Subsidiary	Sale	\$ (1,102,027)	24	Telegraphic transfer within 90 days	Similar to general transactions	Similar to general transactions	\$ 562,394	38	
	PT Indo Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Sale	(313,152)	7	Telegraphic transfer within 90 days	Similar to general transactions	Similar to general transactions	107,492	7	
	Nan Pao Materials Vietnam Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Sale	(170,118)	4	Telegraphic transfer within 90 days	Similar to general transactions	Similar to general transactions	78,650	5	
	Nan Pao Resins (HK) Limited	Subsidiary	Sale	(178,076)	4	Telegraphic transfer within 90 days	Similar to general transactions	Similar to general transactions	47,697	3	
	Nan Pao Resins (Foshan) Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Sale	(117,450)	3	Telegraphic transfer within 90 days	Similar to general transactions	Similar to general transactions	46,697	3	
Nan Pao Resins (Vietnam) Enterprise Ltd.	Nan Pao Resins International Ltd.	Same ultimate Parent Company	Sale	(251,829)	10	Telegraphic transfer within 60 ~ 90 days	Similar to general transactions	Similar to general transactions	64,305	11	
Nan Pao Resins (Dongguan) Co., Ltd.	Nan Pao Resins (HK) Limited	Same ultimate Parent Company	Processing Revenue	(334,007)	100	Payment within 90 days	No comparable produce sales for comparison	No third-party transaction for comparison	-	-	
Nan Pao Resins International Ltd.	Pou Chen Group and its subsidiaries	Investors with significant influence	Sale	(390,401)	92	Payment within 90~105 days	Similar to general transactions	Similar to general transactions	94,241	100	
PT. Indo Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd.	Pou Chen Group and its subsidiaries	Investors with significant influence	Sale	(321,924)	35	Telegraphic transfer within 90 days	Similar to general transactions	Similar to general transactions	118,820	45	

Note: Except for investors with significant influence, they would be written off during the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL DECEMBER 31, 2020

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Company Name	Related Party	Relationship	Ending Balance	Turnover Rate	Overd	lue	Amount Received in	Allowance for
Company Name	Related Farty	Keiationsinp	(Note)	Turnover Kate	Amount	Actions Taken	Subsequent Period	Impairment Loss
Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd.	Nan Pao Resins (Vietnam) Enterprise Ltd.	Subsidiary	\$ 562,394	2.7	\$ -	Not applicable	\$ 257,107	\$ -
	PT. Indo Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	107,492	2.6	-	Not applicable	80,009	-
PT. Indo Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd.	Pou Chen Corporation and its subsidiaries	Investors with significant influence	118,820	2.32	-	Not applicable	64,668	697

Note: Except for investors with significant influence, they would be written off during the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

INFORMATION ON INVESTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Towards, C	Year-of C	Y	Main Basinasa I B. 2 :	Original Inves	tment Amount	As of l	December 31	, 2020	Net Income (Loss) of	Share of Profit (Loss)	N
Investor Company	Investee Company	Location	Main Businesses and Products	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	Number of Shares	%	Carrying Amount	the Investee	(Note 1)	Note
Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd.	Nan Pao Chemical Company Ltd.	No.12, Nanhaipu, Nanhai Vil., Xigang Dist., Tainan City	Trading of chemical substances	\$ 300,000	\$ 300,000	15,000,000	100	\$ 176,827	\$ 5,185	\$ 5,603	
	Nan Pao Application Material Co., Ltd.	No.12, Nanhaipu, Nanhai Vil., Xigang Dist., Tainan City	Trading of chemical substances	60,000	60,000	200,000	100	9,243	(140)	(140)	
		No.510, Zhongshan Rd., Xigang Dist, Tainan City	Production and trading of	63,540	63,540	4,000,000	100	48,126	(1,434)	(1,434)	
			electronic materials	,	,	, ,		ŕ			
	ITLS International Development Co.,	3F, No.356, Sec.1, NeiHu Rd., Taipei	Trading of construction materials	755,000	755,000	30,500,000	100	278,547	(8,931)	(8,931)	
	Ltd. Prince Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.	9F, No. 107, Sec.3, Chung-Shin Rd., Sanchung Dist., New	and chemical substances Manufacturing, packaging, and	324,683	324,683	16,767,305	50.51	341,326	(33,800)	(17,332)	
	7.1	Taipei City	processing of raw materials for various pharmaceutical and health food	321,000	321,000	10,707,505	50.51	3.1,520	(55,555)	(17,552)	
	Phymed Bio-tec Co., Ltd.	No.12, Nanhaipu, Nanhai Vil., Xigang Dist., Tainan City	R&D and trading of health food	16,000	16,000	600,000	100	2,712	(1,165)	(1,165)	
	Biorich Biotechnology Co., Ltd.	3F, No.356, Sec.1, NeiHu Rd., Taipei	R&D, production, and trading of new high protein business and health food	64,121	64,121	391,462	57.1	7,936	2,258	1,289	
	Nan Pao Advanced Materials Co., Ltd.	No. 521, Zhongshan Rd., Xigang Dist, Tainan City	Trading of adhesives and chemicals	3,500	3,500	350,000	70	8,148	5,866	4,106	
	Progroup Technology Co., Ltd.	No.12, Nanhaipu, Nanhai li., Xigang Dist., Tainan City	Trading of Waterborne PU Resin	70,814	70,814	459,950	91.99	70,321	(204)	(2,221)	
	Nan Pao Fine Materials Co., Ltd.	No.217, Xinxing St., 4 Neighborhod, Qingan Vil., Xigang Dist., Tainan City	Production and trading of adhesives and chemicals	13,750	-	1,375,000	55	13,683	(122)	(67)	
	Total Acrylic Polymer Industry	12F., No. 117, Sec. 2, Chongqing N. Rd., Datong Dist.,	Production and trading of	120,000	120,000	1,500,000	30	367,753	160,321	48,096	
	(TAPI) Corporation	Taipei City	chemical materials including	,	,			ŕ	,	,	
	Fuqing Nan Pao Investment Ltd.	Palm Grove House, P.O. Box 438, Road Town, Tortola,	adhesives and resins General investment	166,699	166,699	4,990,000	100	222,102	27,145	27,145	
	Thai Nan Pao Investment Ltd.	British Virgin Islands Palm Grove House, P.O. Box 438, Road Town, Tortola,	General investment	169,909	169,909	5,282,000	100	178,538	6,642	6,642	
	Nan Pao Resins India Pvt Ltd.	British Virgin Islands 204, Abhishek, off New Link Road, Andheri (W), Mumba 400053, India	i Trading of adhesives	16,499	16,499	3,000,000	100	26,334	(1,058)	(1,058)	
	Nan Pao Materials Vietnam Co., Ltd.	LotA4, A5, A10, A11 Daden Industrial Park, Thu Dau Mot City, Binh Duong Province, Vietnam	Production and trading of adhesives and chemicals	685,094	685,094	-	100	969,581	156,287	156,677	
	Nan Pao Advanced Materials Vietnam	Phuc Son Industrial Area, Ninh Phuc Commune, Ninh Binh	Production and trading of	465,970	465,970	-	100	394,399	4,973	4,973	
	Co., Ltd. Nan Pao Overseas Holdings Ltd.	City, Ninh Binh province Palm Grove House, P.O. Box 438, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands	adhesives and chemicals General investment	2,252,110	2,103,010	73,300,502	100	3,868,876	362,908	365,025	
	Profit Land Ltd.	Equity Trust Chambers, P.O. Box 3269, Apia, Samoa	General investment	186,588	186,588	983,333	73.75	746,295	114,161	82,403	Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd.
				140.055	142.075	5 452 540	54.52	217 210	1.440	(705)	and related companies hold 100% of voting shares
	All Saints Enterprises Ltd.	Palm Grove House, P.O. Box 438, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands	General investment	143,375	143,375	5,452,549	54.53	217,310	1,440	(785)	Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd. and related companies hold 100% of voting
	Ongoing Profits Ltd.	Vistra Corporate Services Centre, Wickhams Cay II, Road Town, Tortola, VG 1110, British Virgin Islands.	General investment	46,426	46,426	1,560,000	32.18	230,545	279,766	90,012	shares Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd. and related companies hold 100% of voting
	PT. Indo Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd.	Jl. Pajajaran Raya No.44, Jatiuwung Tangerang 15137, Indonesia	Production and trading of adhesives	39,276	39,276	2,756,250	49	210,910	68,241	33,438	shares Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd. and related companies hold 67.5% of voting
	Nan Pao Philippines Export Inc.	Lot IL-2 Subic Bay Gateway Park Phase II, Subic Bay	Trading of adhesives	14,993	-	25,750	100	14,031	(1,066)	(1,066)	shares
ITTI C Intermedianal D	ITI C II-13: Dt. II-1	Freeport Zone	Communal immediate	545 450	545 450	24.054.540	100	127 502	(11.000)		
ITLS International Development Co., Ltd.	ITLS Holding Pte. Ltd. Aftek Materials Vietnam Co., Ltd.	Blk 1049, Eunos Avenue 6, #01-132, Singapore 409628 No. 16 Kim Dong Street, Ninh Xa Ward, Bac Ninh City, Bac Ninh Province	General investment Production and trading of construction materials	545,462 49,172	545,462 49,172	24,064,549	100 70	137,583 31,526	(11,206) (6,213)		
Fuqing Nan Pao Investment Ltd.	Wealth Castle Development Ltd.	Flat 13, 10F., Building B Tong-li Industrial Center, 19 Lam		129,869	129,869	10,000	100	222,312	27,240		
1 6	F	Hing Street, Kowloon Bay, Hong Kong		(USD 4,560,000)	(USD 4,560,000)	,		,	,		

(Continued)

Investor Company	Investee Company	Location	Main Businesses and Products		stment Amount		December 31	4		Share of Profit (Loss)	Note
	. ,			December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	Number of Shares	%	Carrying Amount	the Investee	(Note 1)	11016
Thai Nan Pao Investment Ltd.	Thai Nanpao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd.	412 Kor Soi, 1cBangpoo Industrial Tumbon Preaksa Ampur Muang Samutprakarn 10280, Thailand	Production and trading of adhesives	\$ 158,885 (USD 5,578,821)	\$ 158,885 (USD 5,578,821)	21,197,000	100	\$ 133,927	\$ 6,693		
Nan Pao Overseas Holdings Ltd.	Nan Pao Group Holdings Ltd.	4th Floor, Willow House, Cricket Square, P.O. Box 2804, Grand Cayman KY1-1112, Islands		2,087,598 (USD 73,300,502)	1,945,198 (USD 68,300,502)	73,300,502	100	3,985,059	363,071		
ITLS Holding Pte. Ltd.	ITLS (Malaysia) SDN BHD	Lot 75289, Lebuhraya Pasir Gudang, Mukim Plentong (PermasJaya), 81750 Masai, Johor, Malaysia	Production and trading of construction materials	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	29,252 (USD 1,027,092)	-	-	-	-		
	PT. ITLS Indonesia	Jl. Pajajaran Raya No. 44, Kel. Gandasari, Kec. Jatiuwung, Tangerang-15137 Indonesia	Production and trading of construction materials	72,101 (USD 2,531,620)	72,101 (USD 2,531,620)	2,437,109	100	18,803	(1,644)		
	ITLS Vietnam Co., Ltd.	No.16 Kim Dong Street, Ninh Xa Ward, Bac Ninh City, Bac Ninh Province	Production and trading of construction materials	123,987 (USD 4,353,487)	123,987 (USD 4,353,487)	-	100	71,910	(1,791)		
	ITLS-SB SDN BHD	Lot 75289, Lebuhraya Pasir Gudang, Mukim Plentong (PermasJaya), 81750 Masai, Johor, Malaysia	Production and trading of hardware and construction materials	-	20,021 (SGD 928,632)	-	-	-	-		
Nan Pao Group Holdings Ltd.	Greatwill Materials (HK) Ltd.	Flat 13, 10F., Building B Tong-li Industrial Center, 19 Lam Hing Street, Kowloon Bay, Hong Kong	General investment	35,885 (USD 1,260,000)	35,885 (USD 1,260,000)	7,172	67.68	397,053	73,374		
	Profit Land Ltd.	Equity Trust Chambers, P.O. Box 3269, Apia, Samoa	General investment	53,760 (USD 1,887,627)	53,760 (USD 1,887,627)	350,000	26.25	269,102	114,161		Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd. and related companies hold 100% of voting shares
	Nan Pao Resins (Holdings) Ltd.	P.O.Box 71, Craigmuir Chambers, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands	General investment	599,620 (USD 21,054,073)	742,020 (USD 26,054,073)	10,000	100	384,763	60,059		shares
	All Saints Enterprises Ltd.	Palm Grove House, P.O. Box 438, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands	General investment	151,886 (USD 5,333,075)	151,886 (USD 5,333,075)	4,547,451	45.47	181,205	1,440		Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd. and related companies hold 100% of voting
	NP Australia Pty. Ltd.	Collins Square Tower Five Level 22, 727 Collins Street, Docklands VIC 3008	General investment	553,455 (AUD 25,214,354)	553,455 (AUD 25,214,354)	25,214,354	100	697,450	35,740		shares
	Ongoing Profits Ltd.	Vistra Corporate Services Centre, Wickhams Cay II, Road Town, Tortola, VG 1110, British Virgin Islands.	General investment	109,273 (USD 3,836,817)	(USD 3,836,817)	3,287,546	67.82	576,615	279,766		Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd. and related companies hold 100% of voting
	Treasure Wealth (HK) Ltd.	Flat 13, 10F., Building B Tong-li Industrial Center, 19 Lam Hing Street, Kowloon Bay, Hong Kong	General investment	131,293 (USD 4,610,000)	131,293 (USD 4,610,000)	4,610	100	165,531	14,707		shares
	Goldford Investments Ltd.	Creque Building, P.O. Box 116, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands	General investment	16,656 (USD 584,844)	16,656 (USD 584,844)	486,000	100	86,072	9,059		
	Nan Pao Resins Chemical Philippines, Inc.	Road 22 Phase 11, Cogeo Village, Antipolo City, Philippines	Trading of adhesives	5,981 (USD 210,000)	5,981 (USD 210,000)	9,000	100	65,027	11,936		
	Nan Pao Resins International Ltd.	Flat 13, 10F., Building B Tong-li Industrial Center, 19 Lam Hing Street, Kowloon Bay, Hong Kong	and related products	735 (HKD 200,000)	735 (HKD 200,000)	1,000	100	9,590	(5,978)		
	Nan Pao Resins (HK) Limited	Flat 13, 10F., Building B Tong-li Industrial Center, 19 Lam Hing Street, Kowloon Bay, Hong Kong	adhesives	438,592 (USD15,400,000)	108,224 (USD 3,800,000)	15,400,000	100	418,157	(6,984)		
Profit Land Ltd.	Giant Profit Development Ltd.	Flat 13, 10F., Building B Tong-li Industrial Center, 19 Lam Hing Street, Kowloon Bay, Hong Kong		227,840 (USD 8,000,000)	227,840 (USD 8,000,000)	10,000	100	1,016,322	114,205		
Nan Pao Resins (Holdings) Ltd.	Eastlion Enterprises Ltd.	P.O.Box 71, Craigmuir Chambers, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands		157,782 (USD 5,540,100)	573,590 (USD 20,140,100)	20,240	100	254,861	44,008		
All Grints Estamaire, XVI	Nan Pao Resins Development Ltd.	P.O.Box 71, Craigmuir Chambers, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands		85,440 (USD 3,000,000)	85,440 (USD 3,000,000)	3,000	100	123,102	16,044		
All Saints Enterprises Ltd. NP Australia Pty Ltd.	Great Mount Enterprises Ltd.	Unit 2102, 21/F The Broadway, No., 54-62 Lockhart, Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong Collins Square Tower Five Level 22, 727 Collins Street, I		284,800 (USD 10,000,000) 358,539	284,800 (USD 10,000,000) 358,539	10,000 11,152,080	100	394,503 520,155	1,517 39,602		
NE AUSTRIIR PLY LIU.	RLA Polymers Pty. Ltd.	Docklands VIC 3008	construction and trading of construction materials and chemical substances	358,539 (AUD 16,334,344)	(AUD 16,334,344)	11,152,080	100	520,155	39,002		
Ongoing Profits Ltd.	Rising Sun Associates Ltd.	P.O. Box 957, Offshore Incorporations Centre, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Island		138,058 (USD 4,847,546)	138,058 (USD 4,847,546)	3,000,000	100	848,635	279,854		
Treasure Wealth (HK) Ltd.	(Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	Kcn Nhon Trach II, Xa Hiep Phuoc, Huyen Nhon Trach, Tinh Dong Nai, Vietnam	coatings	130,723 (USD 4,590,000)	130,723 (USD 4,590,000)	-	50	158,772	29,426		
Goldford Investments Ltd.	PT. Indo Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd.	Jl. Pajajaran Raya No. 44, Jatiuwung Tangerang 15137, Indonesia	Production and trading of adhesives	2,112 (IDR 1,040,625,000)	2,112 (IDR 1,040,625,000)	1,040,625	18.5	85,494	68,241		Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd. and related companies hold 67.5% of voting shares
Rising Sun Associates Ltd.	Nan Pao Resins (Vietnam) Enterprise Ltd.	10 Thong Nhat Boulevard, Song Than 2 Industrial Park Di An Town, Binh Duong Province, S.R Vietnam	Production and trading of adhesives	97,066 (USD 3,408,217)	97,066 (USD 3,408,217)	-	100	845,917	279,912		snares
RLA Polymers Pty Ltd.	Ltd. RLA Polymers (M) SDN BHD	No.5, Lebuhraya Petai, Pandamaran, 42000 Port Klang, Selangor Darul Ehsan, Malaysia		(AUD 5,971,801)	(SD 5,408,217) 131,081 (AUD 5,971,801)	18,415,500	100	181,090	1,833		

Note 1: The Company is only required to list the amount of profit and loss of each of the subsidiaries and each investee that is accounted for using the equity method. The rest of the information can be exempted.

Note 2: Please refer to Table 7 for information on investees in mainland China.

INFORMATION ON INVESTMENTS IN MAINLAND CHINA FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

				Accumulated Outward	Remittanc	e of Funds	Accumulated Outward					Accumulated
Investee Company	Main Businesses and Products	Paid-in Capital (Note 4)		Remittance for Investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2020 (Note 4)	Outward	Inward	Remittance for Investment from Taiwan as of December 31, 2020 (Note 4)	Net Income (Loss) of the Investee	% Ownership of Direct or Indirect Investment	Investment Gain (Loss) (Note 2)	Carrying Amount as of December 31, 2020	Repatriation of Investment Income as of December 31, 2020
Nan Pao Resins (China) Co., Ltd.	Production and trading of adhesives	\$ 284,800	(2) Great Mount Enterprises	\$ 307,297	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 307,297	\$ 1,519	100	\$ 1,519	\$ 394,370	\$ -
	and coatings	(USD 10,000,000)	Ltd.	(USD 10,789,932)			(USD 10,789,932)			(2)B.		
Fuqing Nan Pao Resins Co., Limited	Production and trading of adhesives	129,869 (USD 4,560,000)	(2) Wealth Castle Development Ltd.	142,115 (USD 4,990,000)	-	-	142,115 (USD 4,990,000)	27,382	100	27,382 (2)B.	221,465	134,553
Nan Pao Resins (Dongguan) Co., Ltd.	Processing of adhesive products	76,896 (USD 2,700,000)	(2) Eastlion Enterprises Ltd.	72,392 (USD 2,541,860)	-	-	72,392 (USD 2,541,860)	23,517	100	23,517 (2)B.	145,193	-
Dongguan Jia Chin Electronics Co., Ltd.	Production and trading of coatings and advanced resin	85,440 (USD 3.000.000)	(2) Nan Pao Resins Development Ltd.	87,282 (USD 3,064,683)	-	-	87,282 (USD 3,064,683)	16,045	100	16,045 (2)B.	123,086	-
Foshan Nan Pao Advanced Materials Co., Ltd.	Production and trading of adhesives	48,043 (USD 1,686,900)	(2) Greatwill Materials (HK) Ltd. and Nan Pao Resins (Fo Shan) Co., Ltd.	-	-	-	-	76,729	60	50,824 (2)B.	399,630	-
Nan Pao Resins (Fo Shan) Co., Ltd.	Production and trading of adhesives	227,840 (USD 8,000,000)	(2) Giant Profit Development Ltd.	221,792 (USD 7,787,627)	-	-	221,792 (USD 7,787,627)	114,206	100	114,206 (2)B.	1,015,373	245,298
Goaden Nan Pao Material Technology Co., Ltd.	Trading of footwear materials	21,885 (RMB 5,000,000)	(3) Nan Pao Resins (Fo Shan) Co., Ltd.	-	-	-	-	909	51	464 (2)B.	15,771	-
Gangyi Electronic (Dongguan) Co., Ltd. (Note 5)	Production and trading of magnetic covers, magnetic rings, iron cores and electronic components	-	(2) Qang Yi Electronic Factory Company Ltd.	11,392 (USD 400,000)	-	-	11,392 (USD 400,000)	-	-	-	-	-
Nanpao Advanced Investment Co., Ltd.	General investment	817,376 (USD 28,700,000)	(2) Nan Pao Group Holdings Ltd.	532,576 (USD 18,700,000)	284,800 (USD 10,000,000)	-	817,376 (USD 28,700,000)	(7,133)	100	(7,133) (2)B.	804,197	-
Nan Pao (Kunshan) Electronic Commerce Co., Ltd.	Agency of online business and general merchandise	142,400 (USD 5,000,000)	(3) Nanpao Advanced Investment Co., Ltd.	-	-	-	-	7,928	100	7,928 (2)B.	99,340	-
Nantong Nanpao Resins Materials Co., Ltd.	Production and trading of adhesives	156,640 (USD 5,500,000)	(3) Nanpao Advanced Investment Co., Ltd.	-	-	-	-	(6,804)	100	(6,804) (2)B.	142,957	-
Nan Pao Resins (Yunan) Co., Ltd.	Production and trading of adhesives	227,840 (USD 8,000,000)	(3) Nanpao Advanced Investment Co., Ltd.	-	-	-	-	(1,163)	100	(1,163) (2)B.	237,810	-
Nanpao New Materials (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Production and trading of carbon fiber	284,800 (USD 10,000,000)	(3) Nanpao Advanced Investment Co., Ltd.	-	-	-	-	(10,051)	100	(10,051) (2)B.	296,169	-

Accumula	ated Outward Remittance for Investments in Mainland China as of DECEMBER 31, 2020(Note 4)	Investment Amount Authorized by the Investment Commission, MOEA(Note 4)	Upper Limit on the Amount of Investments Stipulated by the Investment Commission, MOEA(Note 3)
	\$ 1,659,646 (USD 58,274,102)	\$ 1,881,083 (USD 66,049,260)	\$ 6,159,961

- Note 1: The methods of investment in mainland China are divided into the following three categories (indicate the category number):
 - (1) Direct investment in mainland China.
 - (2) Investment in mainland China through companies in a third region (please specify investee company in third region).
 - (3) Other methods
- Note 2: Recognized in the investment gain (loss) column in the current period:
 - (1) If the Company is still in the preparation stage, and there is still no investment gain or loss, it should be disclosed
 - (2) The basis for recognition of investment gain (loss) which falls under the following 3 categories should be disclosed:
 - A. The financial statements were audited by an international accounting firm that has a business relationship with an accounting firm in the ROC.
 - B. The financial statements were audited by the CPA of the parent company in the ROC.
 - C. Others
- Note 3: The Company's investment limit in mainland China is calculated as follows: $$10,266,601\times60\% = $6,159,961$
- Note 4: Relevant amounts are calculated based on the exchange rate of US\$1 = NT\$28.48 at the end of the period. Relevant amounts are calculated based on the exchange rate of CNY 1 = NT\$4.377 at the end of the period.
- Note 5: Gangyi Electronic (Dongguan) Co., Ltd. has completed its liquidation procedures in October 2017 but its share proceeds have not been remitted to Taiwan; hence, it has not been deducted from the investment amount authorized by the Investment Commission, MOEA.

SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS WITH INVESTEE COMPANIES IN MAINLAND CHINA, EITHER DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY THROUGH A THIRD PARTY, AND THEIR PRICES, PAYMENT TERMS, AND UNREALIZED GAINS OR LOSSES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

									Notes/Accounts Re	eceivable (Payable)	
				Transaction	n Details]
							Abnoi	rmal Transaction			
Buyer	Counterparty	Relationship	Purchase/Sale	Amount (Note)	% to Total	Payment Terms	Unit Price	Payment Terms	Ending Balance (Note)	% to Total	Unrealized Gain (Note)
Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd.	Nan Pao Resins (Fo Shan) Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Sales	\$ (117,450)	(3)	Payment within 90 days	Similar to general transactions	Similar to general transactions	\$ 46,697	3	\$ 5,703
Foshan Nan Pao Advanced Materials Co., Ltd.	Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd.	Ultimate parent company	Sales	(38,724)	-	Payment within 30 days	Similar to general transactions	Similar to general transactions	1,882	-	-
	Greatwill Materials (HK) Ltd.	Same ultimate Parent Company	Sales	(94,969)	(1)	Payment within 90 days	Similar to general transactions	Similar to general transactions	16,214	-	-
	Nan Pao Resins India Pvt Ltd.	Same ultimate Parent Company	Sales	(33,189)	-	Payment within 90 days	Similar to general transactions	Similar to general transactions	13,183	-	-
	Nan Pao Resins (Fo Shan) Co., Ltd.	Same ultimate Parent Company	Sales	(48,615)	(2)	Payment within 90 days	Similar to general transactions	Similar to general transactions	17,170	3	-
Nan Pao Resins (Dongguan) Co., Ltd.	Nan Pao Resins (HK) Limited	Same ultimate Parent Company	Processing Revenue	(334,007)	(100)	Payment within 90 days	No comparable product sales for comparison	No third-party transaction for comparison	-	-	-
Nan Pao Resins (Fo Shan) Co., Ltd.	Fuqing Nan Pao Resins Co., Limited	Same ultimate Parent Company	Sales	(82,302)	(6)	Payment within 90 days	Similar to general transactions	Similar to general transactions	26,674	3	-
	Nan Pao Resins (China) Co., Ltd.	Same ultimate Parent Company	Sales	(46,917)	(3)	Payment within 90 days	transactions	Similar to general transactions	17,197	2	-
Fuqing Nan Pao Resins Co., Limited	Nan Pao Resins (China) Co., Ltd.	Same ultimate Parent Company	Sales	(104,497)	(28)	Payment within 90 days	Similar to general transactions	Similar to general transactions	31,681	30	-

Note: Already written off during the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

INTERCOMPANY RELATIONSHIPS AND SIGNIFICANT INTERCOMPANY TRANSACTIONS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

No.	Investee Company	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 1)			Transaction Details	
			(21010-2)	Financial Statement Accounts	Amount(Note 2)	Payment Terms	% of Total Sales or Assets
0	Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd.	Nan Pao Resins (Vietnam) Enterprise Ltd.	1	Accounts receivable - related parties	\$ 562,394	·	3
				Sales revenue	1,102,027	Calculated based on general transaction prices, telegraphic transfer within 90 days	7
		Nan Pao Resins (Fo Shan) Co., Ltd.	1	Accounts receivable - related parties	46,697		-
				Sales revenue	117,450	Calculated based on general transaction prices, telegraphic transfer within 90 days	1
		PT. Indo Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd.	1	Accounts receivable - related parties	107,492		-
				Sales revenue	313,152	Calculated based on general transaction prices, telegraphic transfer within 90 days	2
		Nan Pao Resins (HK) Limited	1	Accounts receivable - related parties	47,697		-
				Sales revenue	178,076	Calculated based on general transaction prices, telegraphic transfer within 90 days	1
				Purchase	22,134	Calculated based on general transaction prices, telegraphic transfer within 90 days	-
		Foshan Nan Pao Advanced Materials Co., Ltd.	1	Purchase	38,724	Calculated based on general transaction prices, telegraphic transfer within 30 days	-
		Nan Pao Materials Vietnam Co., Ltd.	1	Accounts receivable - related parties	78,650		-
				Sales revenue	170,118	Calculated based on general transaction prices, telegraphic transfer within 90 days	1
		ITLS International Development Co., Ltd.	1	Accounts receivable - related parties	16,637		-
			1	Sales revenue	49,768	Calculated based on general transaction prices, payment collected 90 days from date of invoice	-
		Nan Pao Advanced Materials Co., Ltd.	1	Sales revenue	31,944	Calculated based on general transaction prices, payment collected 90 days from date	-
						of invoice	
		Progroups Technology Co., Ltd.	1	Sales revenue	15,645	Calculated based on general transaction prices, telegraphic transfer within 90 days	-
1	Nan Pao Resins (Vietnam) Enterprise Ltd.	PT. Indo Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd.	3	Sales revenue	57,067	Calculated based on general transaction prices, telegraphic transfer within 90 days	-
				Accounts receivable - related parties	25,457		-
		Nan Pao Resins International Ltd.	3	Accounts receivable - related parties	64,305		-
				Sales revenue	251,829	Calculated based on general transaction prices, telegraphic transfer within 90 days	2
		Progroups Technology Co., Ltd.	3	Purchase	43,722	No prices for similar products available for comparison, telegraphic transfer within 90 days	-
		Nan Pao Chemical Company Ltd.	3	Purchase	16,130	Calculated based on general transaction prices, telegraphic transfer within 90 days	-
		Nan Pao Resins (HK) Limited	3	Accounts payable - related parties	11,801		-
				Purchase	65,585	Calculated based on general transaction prices, telegraphic transfer within 90 days	-
2	Nan Pao Resins (Fo Shan) Co., Ltd.	Fuging Nan Pao Resins Co., Limited	3	Accounts receivable - related parties	26,674		-
				Sales revenue	82,302	Calculated based on general transaction prices, payment collected 90 days from date of invoice	1
		Foshan Nan Pao Advanced Materials Co., Ltd.	3	Accounts payable - related parties	17,170		-
				Purchase	48,615	Calculated based on general transaction prices, payment made 90 days from date of invoice	-
		Nan Pao Resins (China) Co., Limited	3	Accounts receivable - related parties	17,197		-
				Sales revenue	46,917	Calculated based on general transaction prices, payment collected 90 days from date of invoice	-
		Nan Pao Resin (HK) Limited	3	Sales revenue	19,423	Calculated based on general transaction prices, telegraphic transfer within 90 days	-
3	Nan Pao Resins (HK) Limited	Nan Pao Resins (Dongguan) Co., Ltd.	3	Accounts payable - related parties	102,387		1
	(-1.1.)		3	Processing fee	334,007	No prices for similar products available for comparison, payment made 90 days from the date of the invoice	2
		Nan Pao Resins Chemical Philippines, Inc.	3	Accounts receivable-related parties	11,839		_
			3	Sales revenue	29,065	Calculated based on general transaction prices, telegraphic transfer within 90 days	-
		PT. Indo Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd.	3	Sales revenue	56,455	Calculated based on general transaction prices, telegraphic transfer within 90 days	-
		Nan Pao materials Vietnam Co., Ltd.	3	Accounts receivable-related parties	11,801		-
				Sales revenue	65,585	Calculated based on general transaction prices, telegraphic transfer within 90 days	-
4	Nan Pao Resins (China) Co., Limited	Fuqing Nan Pao Resins Co., Limited	3	Accounts payable - related parties	31,681	r, g	-
				Purchase	104,497	No prices for similar products available for comparison, telegraphic transfer within 90 days	1
5	Foshan Nan Pao Advanced Materials Co., Ltd.	Nan Pao Resins India Pvt Ltd.	3	Sales revenue	33,189	Calculated based on general transaction prices, telegraphic transfer within 90 days	-
-	23, 24	Greatwill Materials (HK) Ltd.	3	Sales revenue	94,969	Calculated based on general transaction prices, telegraphic transfer within 90 days	1
6	Nan Pao Materials Vietnam Co., Ltd.	Nan Pao Resins International Ltd.	3	Accounts receivable - related parties	48.415	r,g	-
Ü	Tan Tao Machais Wellalli Co., Ed.	THE TWO NESTING INCOME DAY.		Sales revenue	126,489	Calculated based on general transaction prices, telegraphic transfer within 60~90	1
		Nan Pao Chemical Company Ltd.	3	Purchase	53,918	Calculated based on general transaction prices, telegraphic transfer within 90 days	_
		PT. Indo Nan Pao Resins Chemical Co., Ltd.	3	Sales revenue	46,580	Calculated based on general transaction prices, telegraphic transfer within 90 days	-
		11. Indo Pan I do Resins Chemical Co., Etc.	,	Accounts receivable - related parties	20.744	Cancalated based on general transaction prices, telegraphic transfer within 90 days	-

Note 1: Relationship with counterparty can be specified using the following three categories:
(1) Parent Company to Subsidiaries.
(2) Subsidiaries to Parent Company.

- (3) Between Subsidiaries.

Note 2: Already written off during the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

IINFORMATION OF MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Sha	ares
Name of Major Shareholder	Number of Shares	Percentage of
	Number of Shares	Ownership (%)
Pou Chien Enterprise Co., Ltd.	10,920,248	9.05%
Ding-Feng Investment Co., Ltd	10,665,947	8.84%
Yue Dean Technology Corporation	10,285,000	8.53%
Chuan-De Investment Co., Ltd.	10,060,298	8.34%
Guang Rong Investment Ltd.	8,868,132	7.35%
Growth Machine Development Co., Ltd.	7,826,523	6.49%
Pao-Wang Investment Co., Ltd.	7,476,068	6.20%
-		

- Note 1: The information of major shareholders presented in this table is provided by the Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation based on the number of ordinary shares and preferred shares held by shareholders with ownership of 5% or greater, that have been issued without physical registration by the Company as of the last business day for the current quarter. The share capital in the consolidated financial statements may differ from the actual number of shares that have been issued without physical registration because of different preparation basis.
- Note 2: If a shareholder delivers their shareholdings to the trust, the above information will be disclosed by the individual trustee who opened the trust account. For shareholders who declare insider shareholdings with ownership greater than 10% in accordance with Security and Exchange Act, the shareholdings include shares held by shareholders and those delivered to the trust over which shareholders have rights to determine the use of trust property. For information relating to insider shareholding declaration, please refer to Market Observation Post System.

NAN PAO RESINS CHEMICAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CHANGES IN PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Land	Land Improvment	Buildings	Machinery and equipment	Transportation equipment	Miscellaneous equipment	Construction in progress	Total
Cost								
Balance at January 1, 2020 Additions Disposals Reclassification Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	\$ 1,186,651 - - - (633)	\$ 11,624 5,782 (431) - (85)	\$ 1,952,850 530,484 (1,718) - (31,406)	\$ 2,583,636 231,408 (69,345) - (3,152)	\$ 236,726 19,225 (16,376) 4,528 (3,495)	\$ 772,468 184,608 (30,491) - (455)	\$ 525,118 (199,406) - - - 4,799	\$ 7,269,073 772,101 (118,361) 4,528 (34,427)
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$ 1,186,018	<u>\$ 16,890</u>	<u>\$ 2,450,210</u>	<u>\$ 2,742,547</u>	<u>\$ 240,608</u>	<u>\$ 926,130</u>	<u>\$ 330,511</u>	\$ 7,892,914
Accumulated depreciation and impairment								
Balance at January 1, 2020 Depreciation Disposals Reclassification Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	\$ - - - - -	\$ 5,847 1,069 (431) - (34)	\$ 732,110 65,736 (1,449) - - - 1,833	\$ 1,718,441 168,078 (64,391) - - 6,394	\$ 158,958 20,652 (15,575) 2,482 (1,850)	\$ 556,825 67,696 (30,247) - (14,610)	\$ - - - - -	\$ 3,172,181 323,231 (112,093) 2,482 (8,267)
Balance at December 31, 2020	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 6,451</u>	\$ 798,230	\$ 1,828,522	<u>\$ 164,667</u>	\$ 579,664	<u>\$</u>	\$ 3,377,534
Carrying amount at December 31, 2020	\$ 1,186,018	<u>\$ 10,439</u>	\$ 1,651,980	<u>\$ 914,025</u>	<u>\$ 75,941</u>	<u>\$ 346,466</u>	<u>\$ 330,511</u>	\$ 4,515,380
Cost								
Balance at January 1, 2019 Additions Disposals Acquistions through business combinations Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	\$ 1,179,441 6,549 - - 661	\$ 6,434 5,160 - - 30	\$ 1,910,042 86,108 (11,255) - (32,045)	\$ 2,520,538 173,551 (72,869) 692 (38,276)	\$ 229,330 26,994 (17,368) - (2,230)	\$ 738,148 81,848 (42,719) - (4,809)	\$ 390,361 134,947 - - (190)	\$ 6,974,294 515,157 (144,211) 692 (76,859)
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$ 1,186,651	<u>\$ 11,624</u>	\$ 1,952,850	\$ 2,583,636	<u>\$ 236,726</u>	<u>\$ 772,468</u>	\$ 525,118	\$ 7,269,073
Accumulated depreciation and impairment								
Balance at January 1, 2019 Depreciation Disposals Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	\$ - - - -	\$ 5,645 191 - 11	\$ 680,901 62,503 (1,700) (9,594)	\$ 1,638,207 162,431 (57,015) (25,182)	\$ 154,056 18,954 (12,659) (1,393)	\$ 543,691 55,042 (38,754) (3,154)	\$ - - - -	\$ 3,022,500 299,121 (110,128) (39,312)
Balance at December 31, 2019	<u>\$</u>	\$ 5,847	<u>\$ 732,110</u>	<u>\$ 1,718,441</u>	<u>\$ 158,958</u>	<u>\$ 556,825</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 3,172,181
Carrying amount at December 31, 2019	\$ 1,186,651	<u>\$ 5,777</u>	<u>\$ 1,220,740</u>	<u>\$ 865,195</u>	<u>\$ 77,768</u>	<u>\$ 215,643</u>	<u>\$ 525,118</u>	\$ 4,096,892